

CSC 240 Computer Graphics

Video 1A: Images & Pixels

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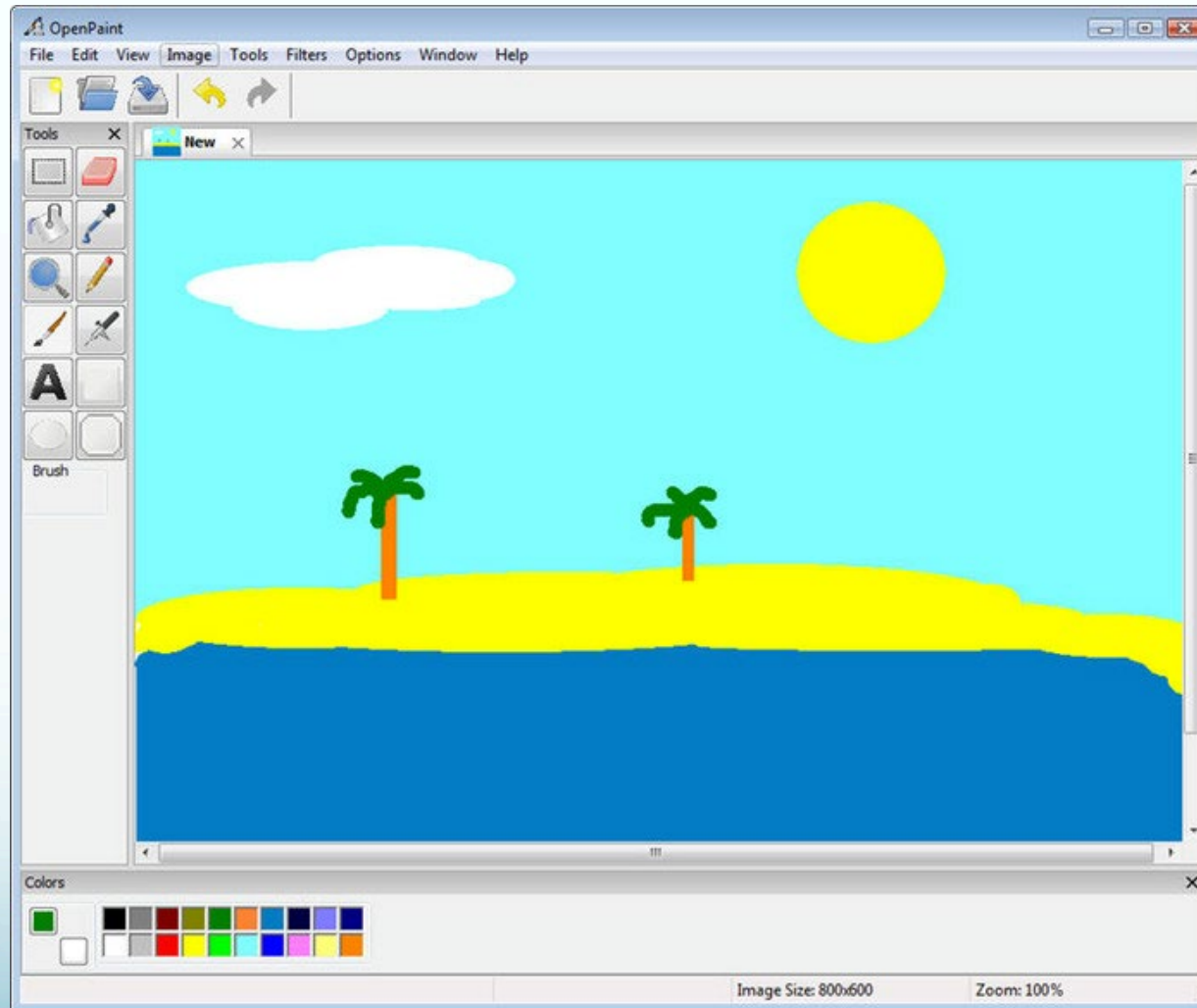
Partially based on slides & content courtesy Sara Mathieson

What is Computer Graphics?

- Creating images using a computer
- Manipulating images
- Modeling and simulation
- Animation and game design
- User-interface design



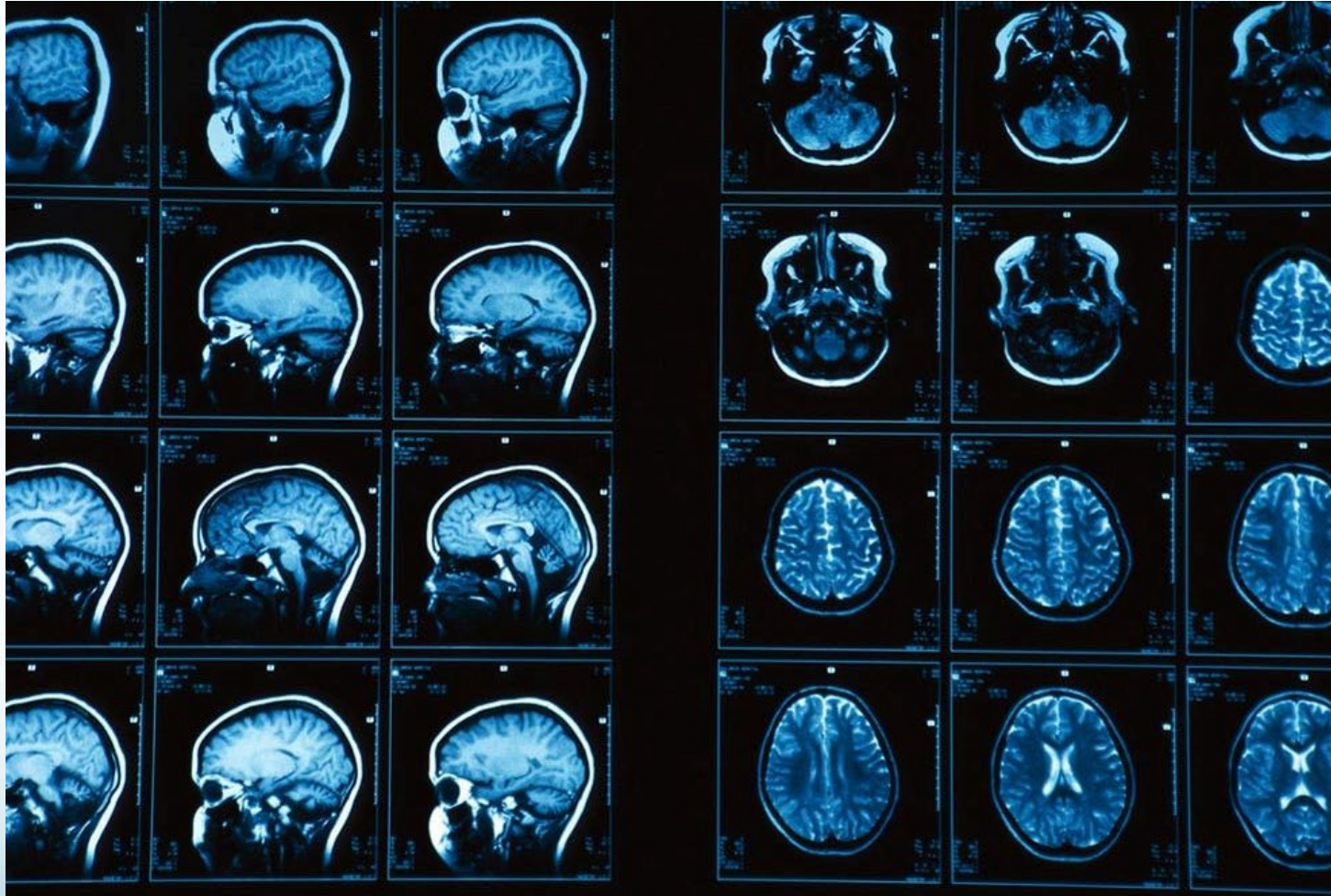
Creating images



Creating images

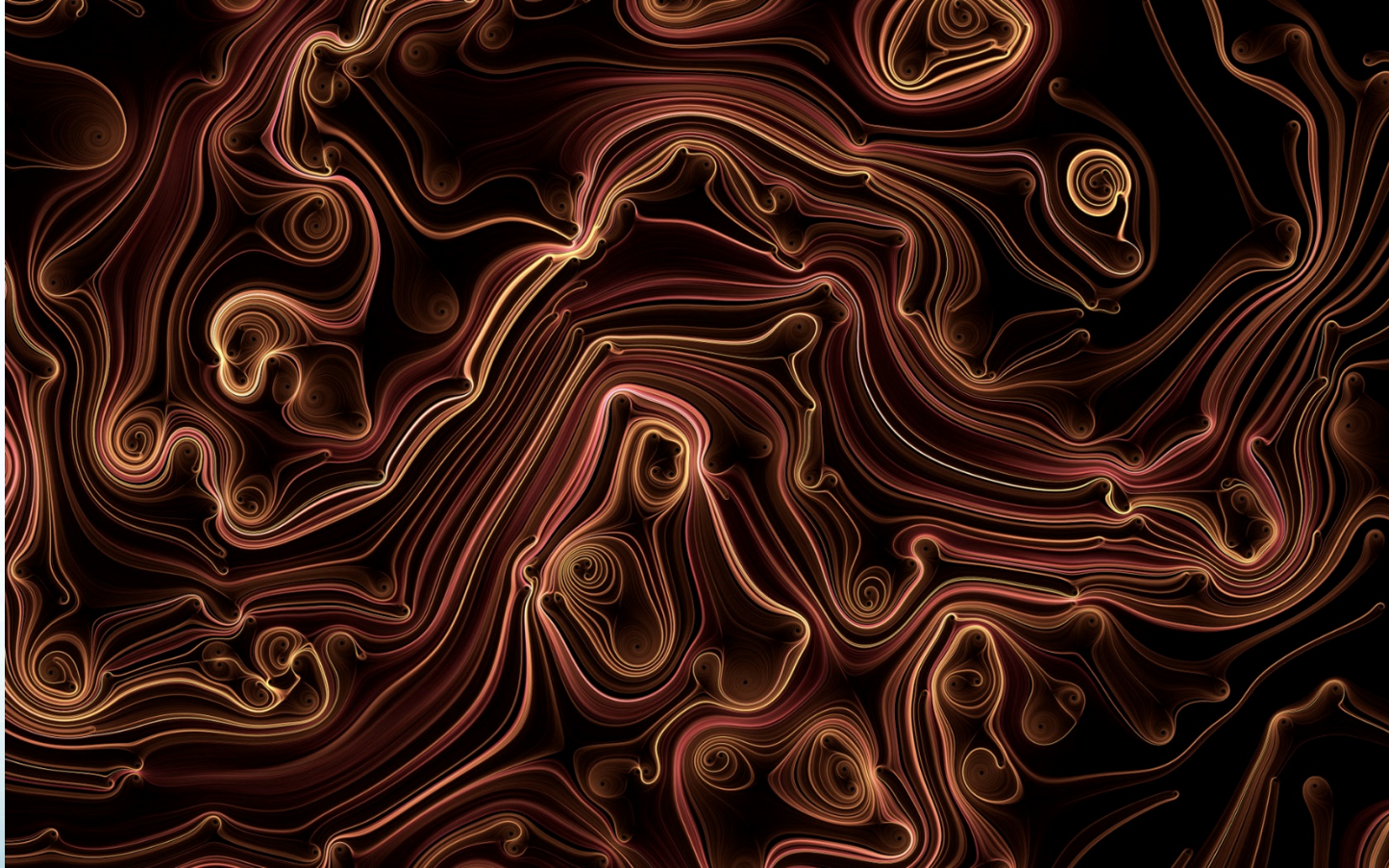


Creating images



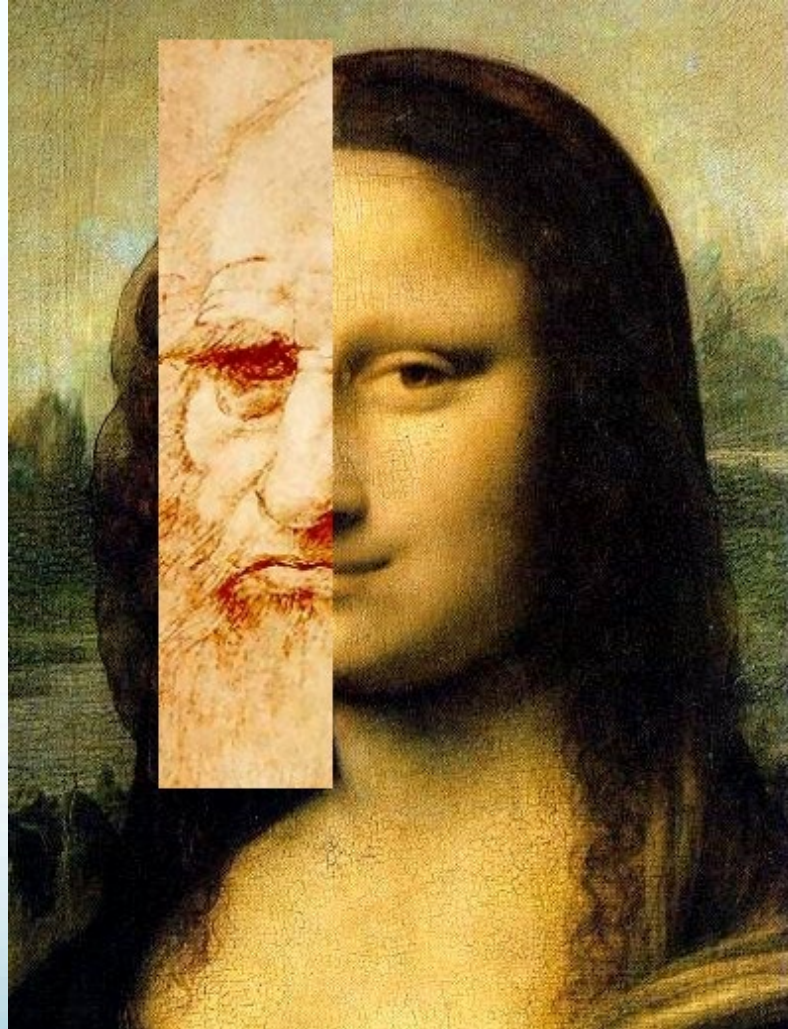
Brain MRI scan, by Ken Glaser/Corbis, National Geographic

Creating images



Addition/Subtraction, by Robert Hodgkin

Manipulating images

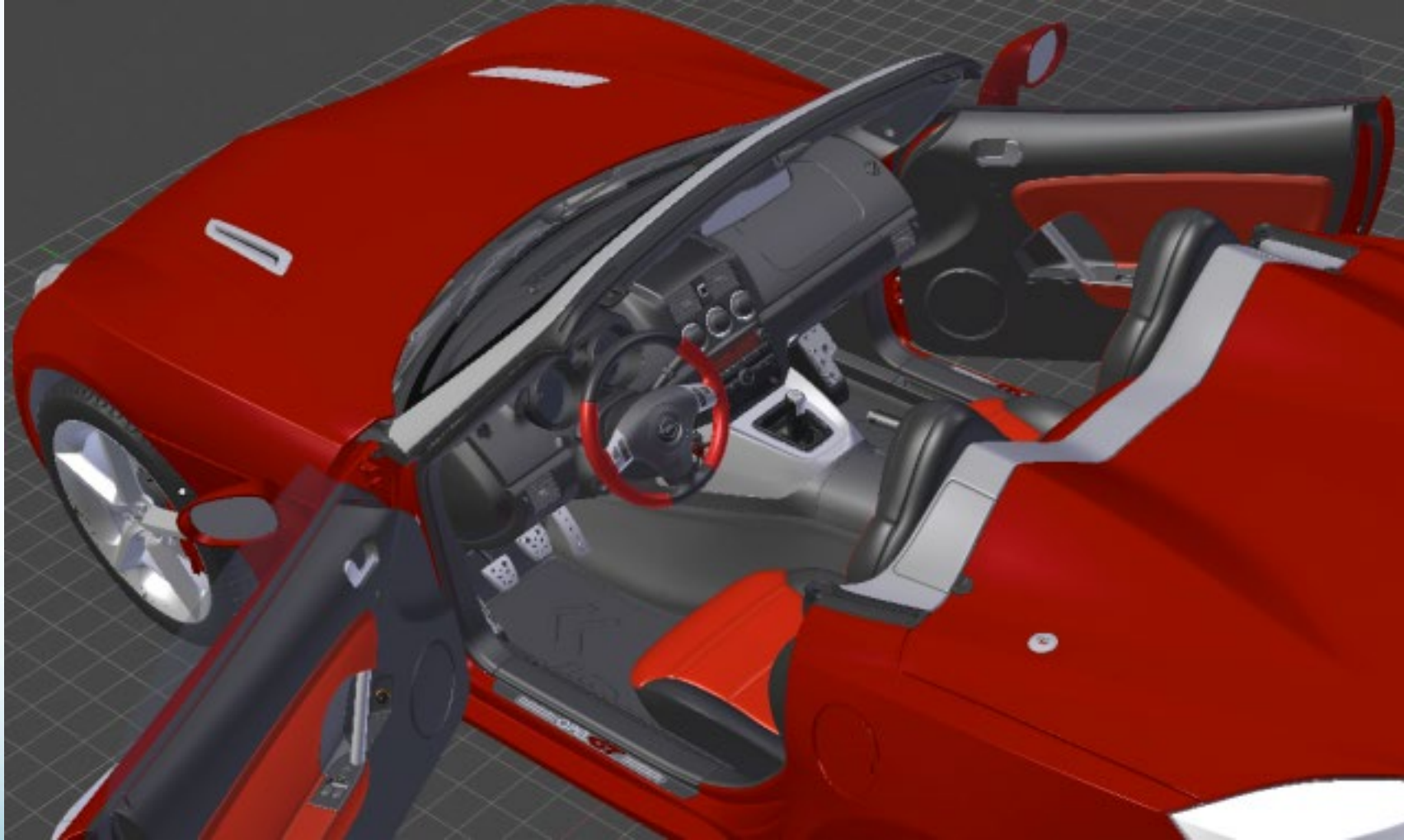


"DaVinci MonaLisa1b" by David R. Tribble

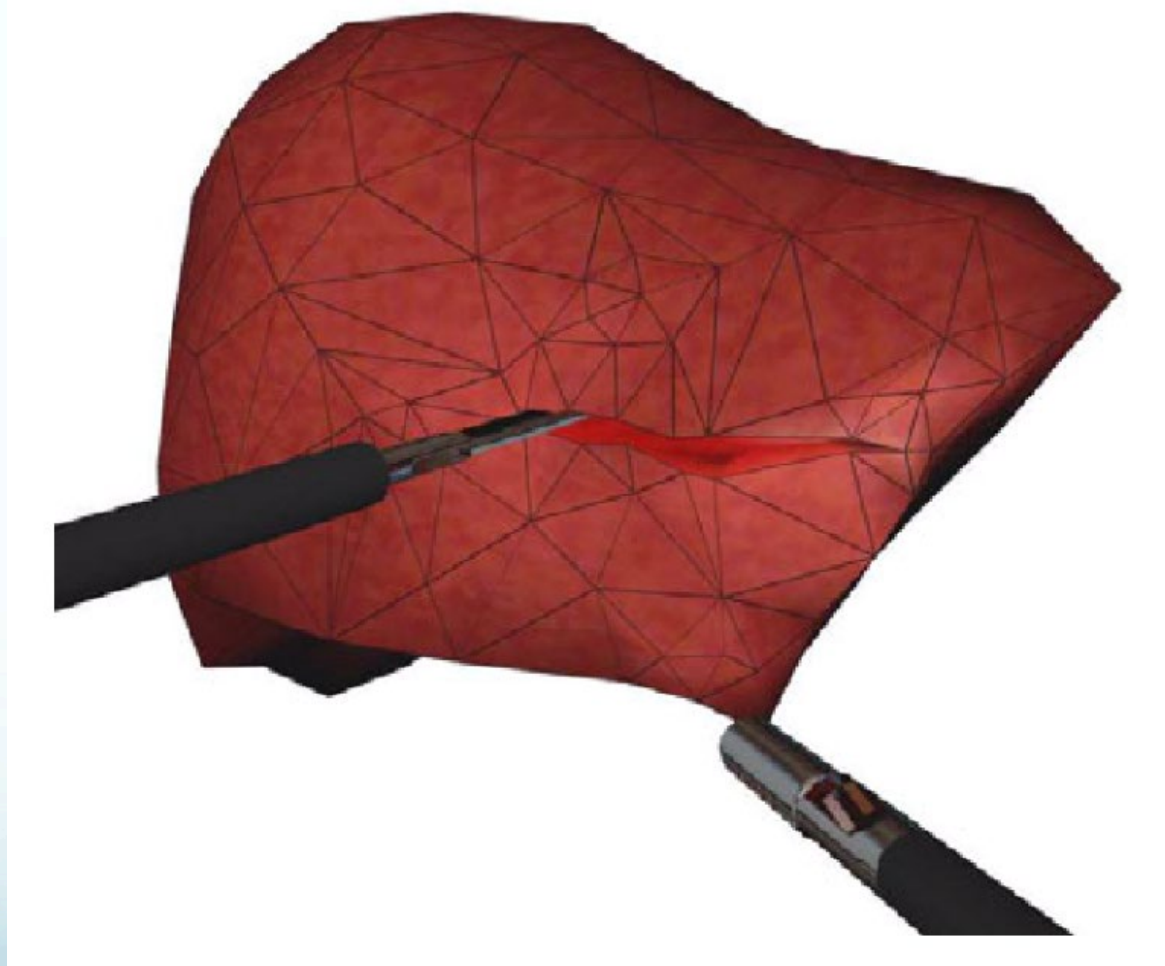
Manipulating images



Modeling and simulation

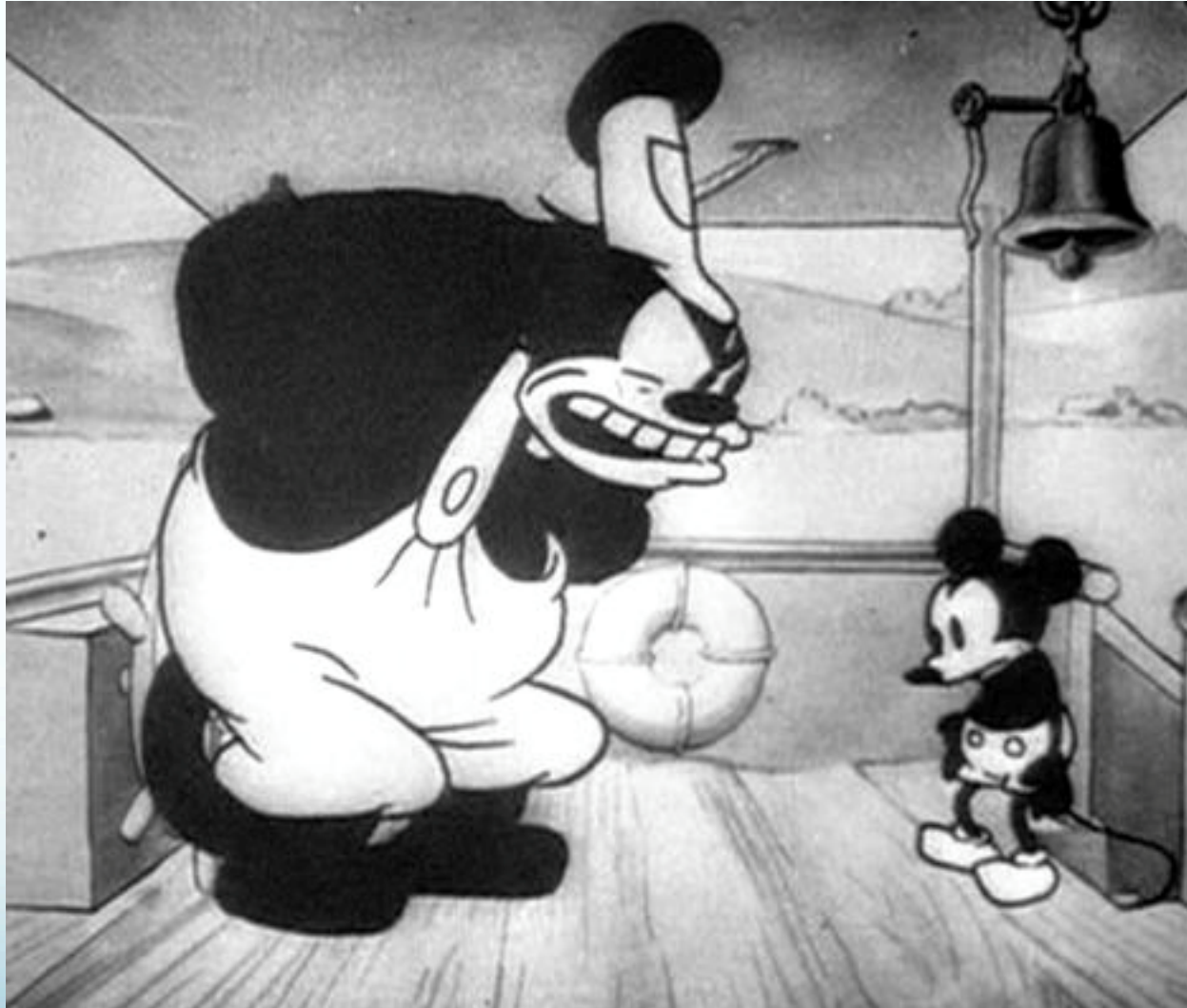


Modeling and simulation



Adaptive tissue modeling, Vidal *et al*, 2006

Animation



"Steamboat Willie", Disney and Ub Iwerks, 1928

Animation



"Monsters Inc", Disney/Pixar, 2001

Animation



Elsa: 400,000 strands of hair

"Frozen", Disney, 2013

Animation



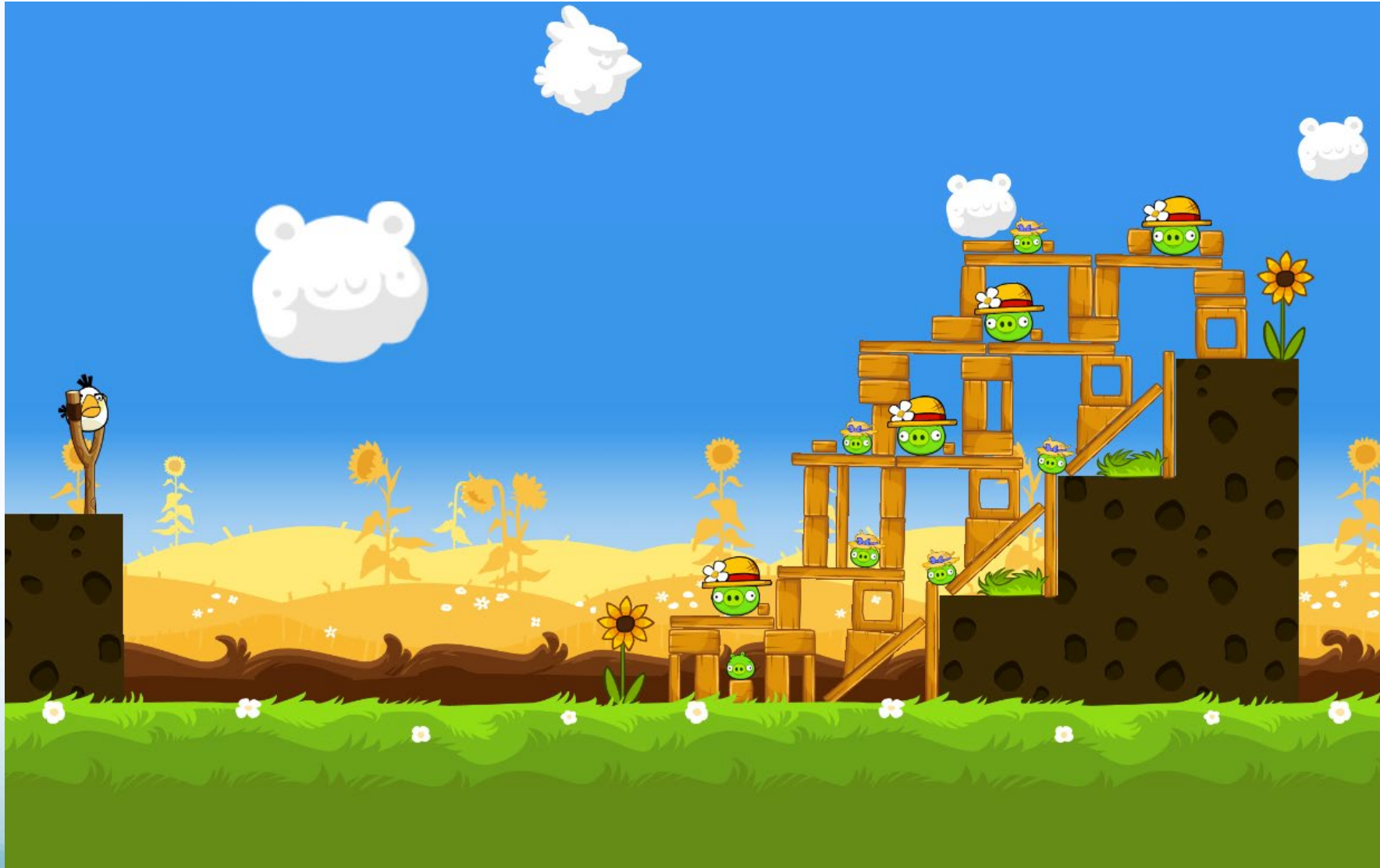
Giraffe: 9 million strands of hair

"Zootopia", Disney, 2016

Game design



Game design

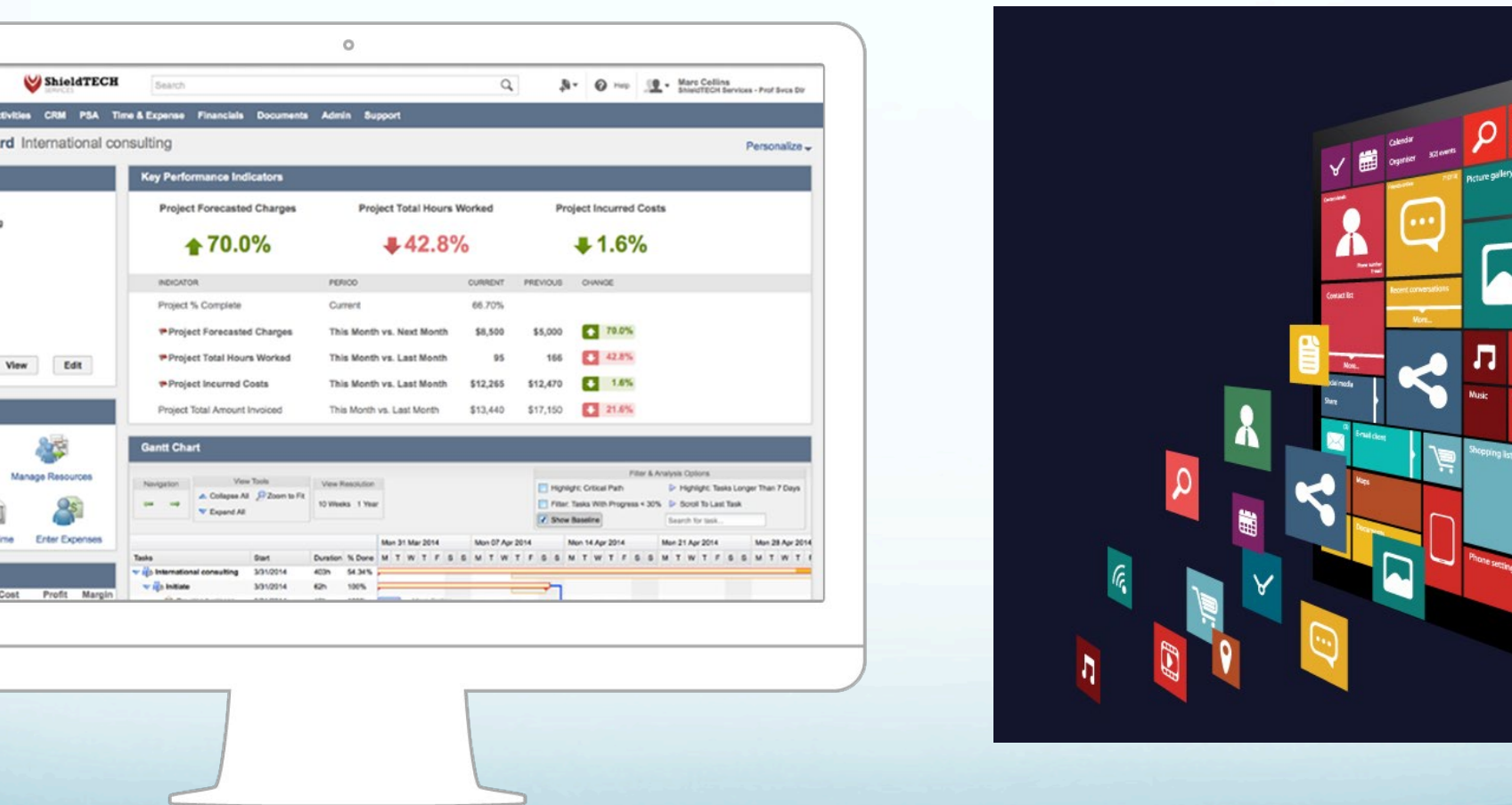


Angry Birds, Gaming To Learn

Game design



Pokémon Go, Niantic, 2016





What is a digital image?

What is a digital image?

Representation of an image in symbolic form:

- Allows reconstruction of the image from the representation
- Handles any possible image

(In practice, we achieve only an approximation of these goals)



Image Representation

Two main strategies:

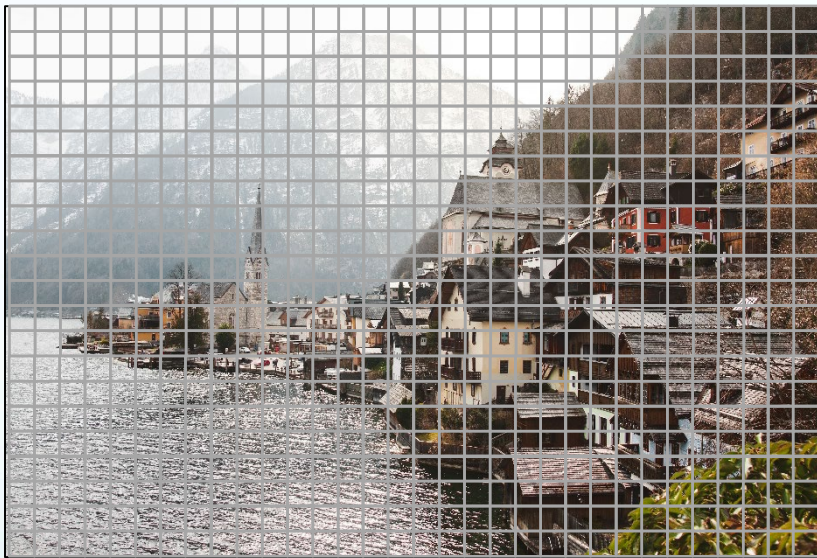
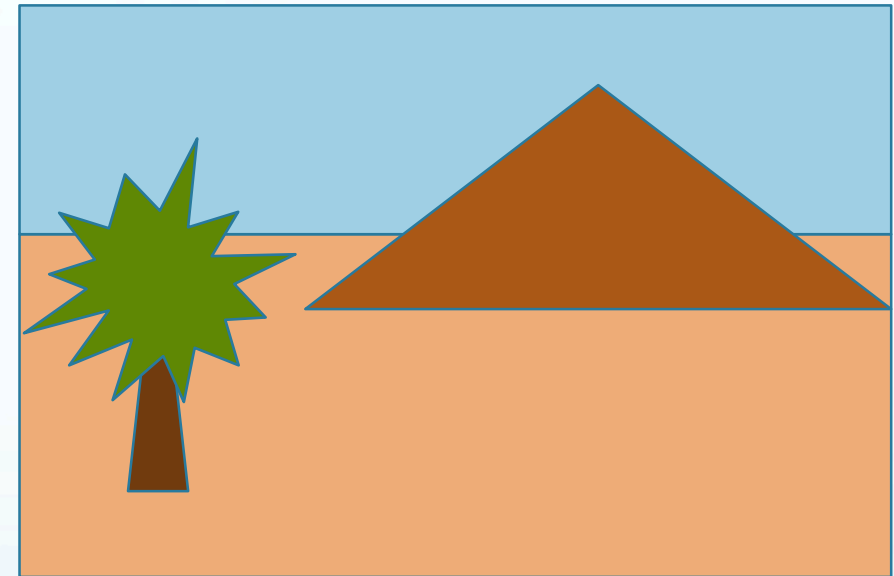


Photo by Daniel Frank from Pexels

Many small, identical but flexible components
“picture elements” = **pixels**

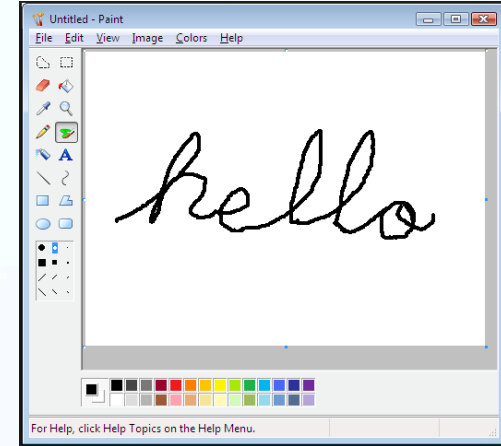
Resolution = size of smallest visible detail (i.e., one pixel)



Fewer large, diverse components
Each requires description

Raster Graphics vs. Vector Graphics

- **Raster graphics:** pixel by pixel
 - Used in **painting** programs
 - Microsoft paint, Adobe photoshop



- **Vector graphics:** defined by shapes
 - Used in **drawing** programs
 - Line from A to B, Circle at C with radius r, etc
 - Inkscape, Adobe illustrator



Raster Graphics vs. Vector Graphics

➤ **Example:** tree in front of a house



➤ **Question:** if you erase the tree, is the entire house still there?

- **Answer:**
- vector graphics: yes!
 - raster graphics: no 😞



Raster Graphics vs. Vector Graphics

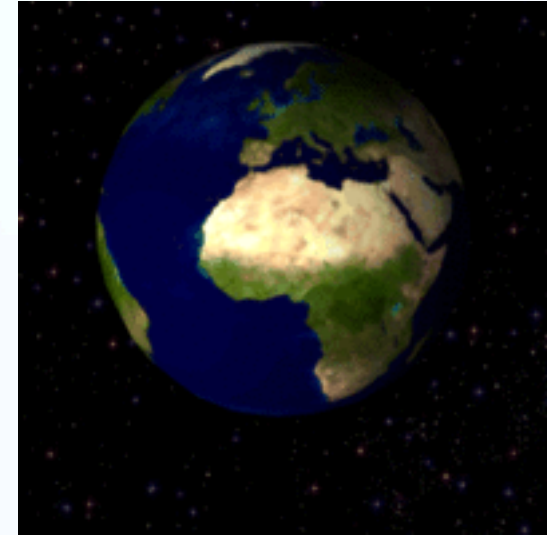
Pros and Cons?

- **Raster graphics**: can't rescale (image gets "pixilated"), more fine control, portable format
- **Vector graphics**: scale arbitrarily, less space to store, easier to interpret, limited vocabulary

Raster Graphics vs. Vector Graphics

File Formats

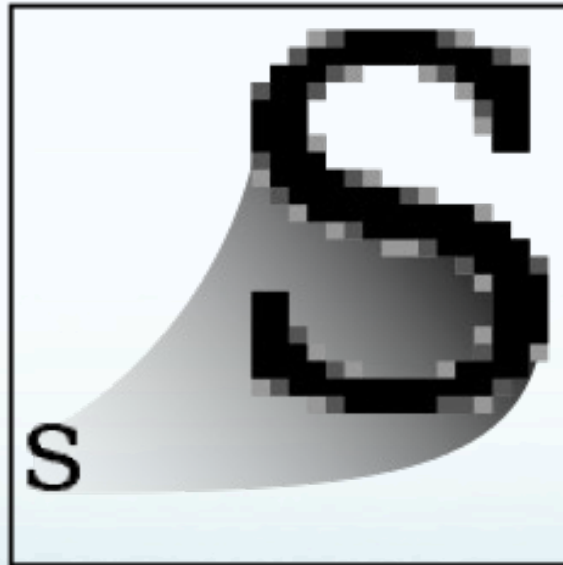
- Raster-based
- **GIF** (Graphics Interchange Format)
Limited colors, but supports animation.
Lossless compression.
- **PNG** (Portable Network Graphics)
Replacement for GIF, also lossless compression.
- **JPEG** (Joint Photographic Experts Group)
Designed with space/quality tradeoff in mind.
Best for photos.



Raster Graphics vs. Vector Graphics

File Formats

- Vector-based
 - SVG (Scalable Vector Graphics)



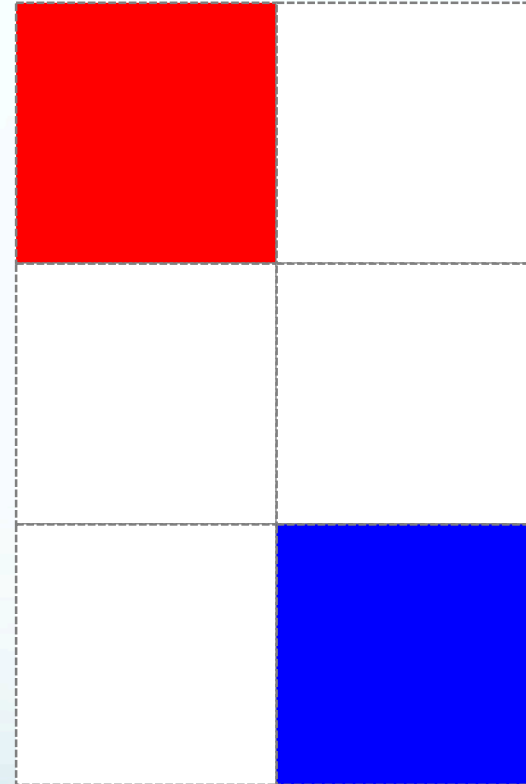
Raster
.jpeg .gif .png



Vector
.svg

Simple image format

PPM: Portable Pixel Map

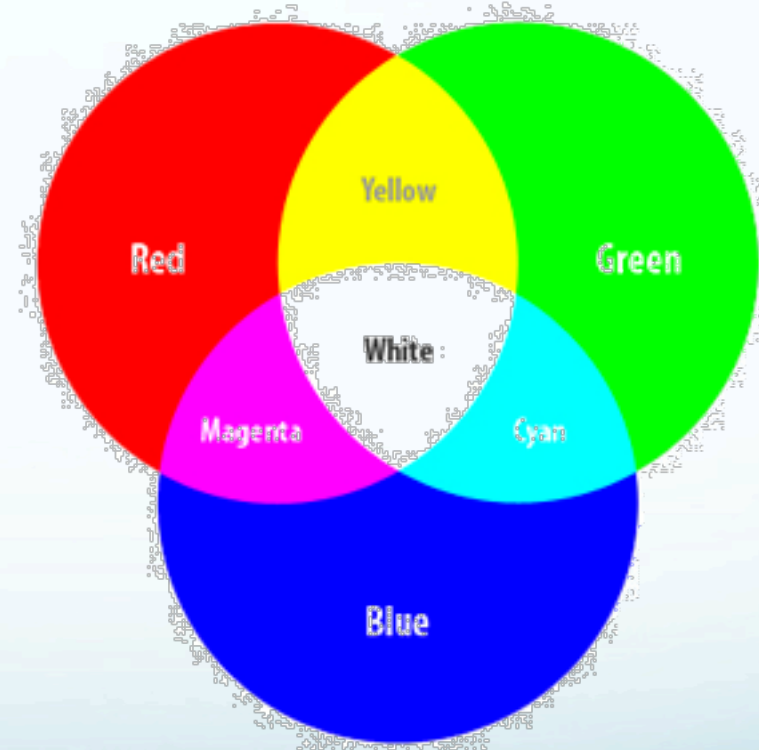
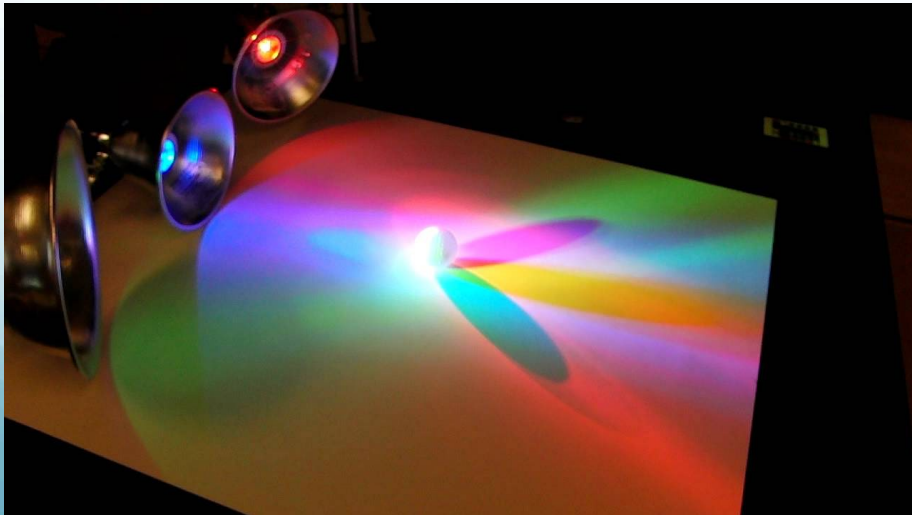


Pixel coloring

Specify amount of each color in mixture

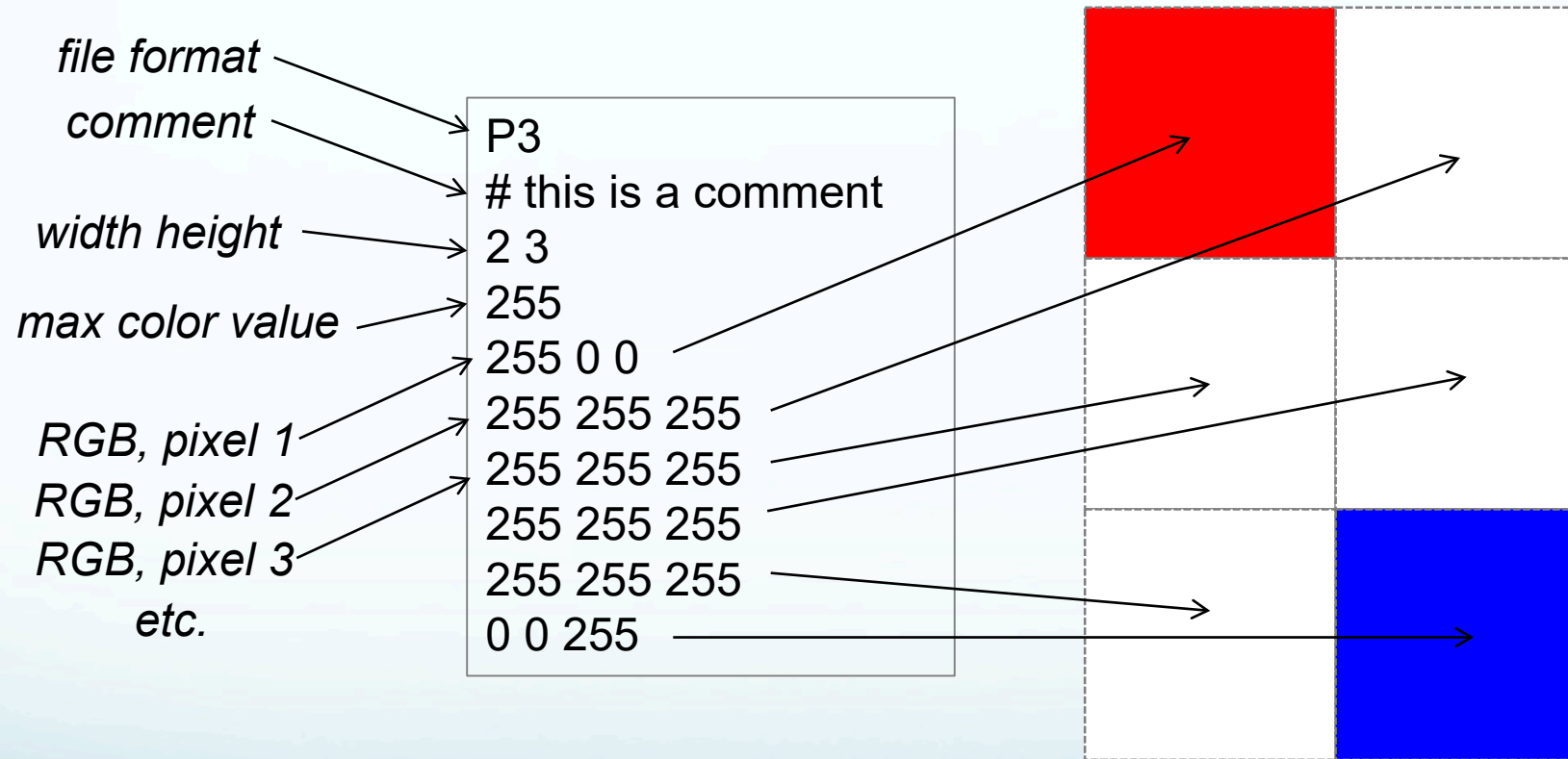
- Red
- Green
- Blue

➤ “RGB” → three numbers 0-255



www.colorcodehex.com

Simple image format



This pixel order is called **row major**.
Some formats use **column major** instead.
Some group by color (all red values, all green, all blue).

Quick Quiz

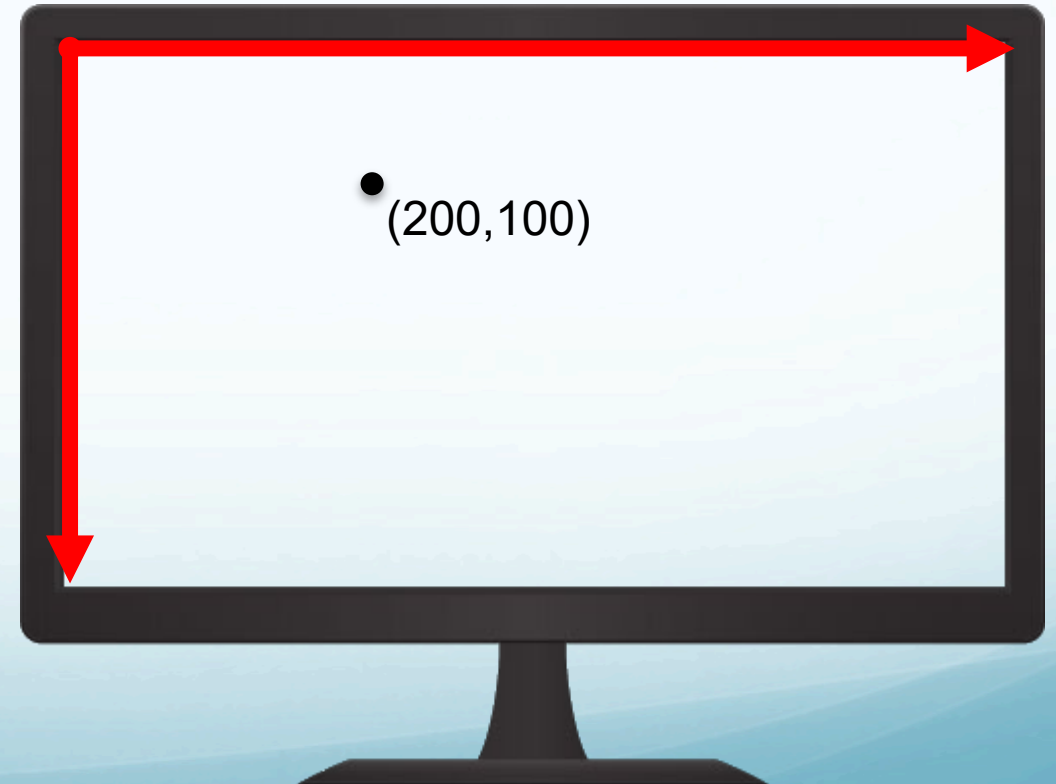
Pause the video and respond at
<https://forms.gle/VViU5wYsiBf36nAV9>

- What color is represented by the RGB values (0,0,0)?
Black
- What RGB triplet corresponds to pure blue?
(0,0,255)
- What color is represented by (255,255,0)?
Yellow
- Do digital cameras record in vector image format or raster?
Raster

Screen Coordinates

Display on a computer screen is a raster image!

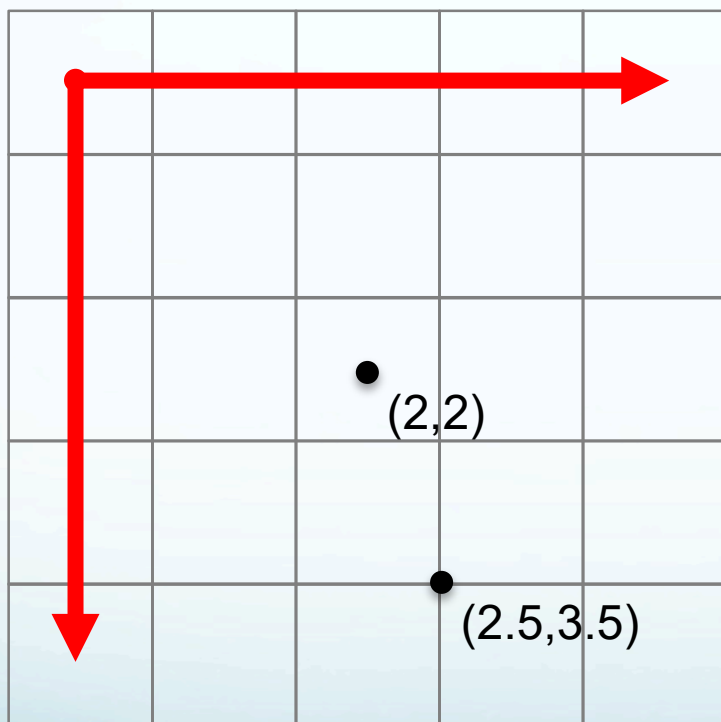
- 2D coordinate system specifies position
- Each pixel is one unit by one unit
- Origin is at top left
- X axis points **right**
- Y axis points **down**



Coordinate Alignment with Pixels

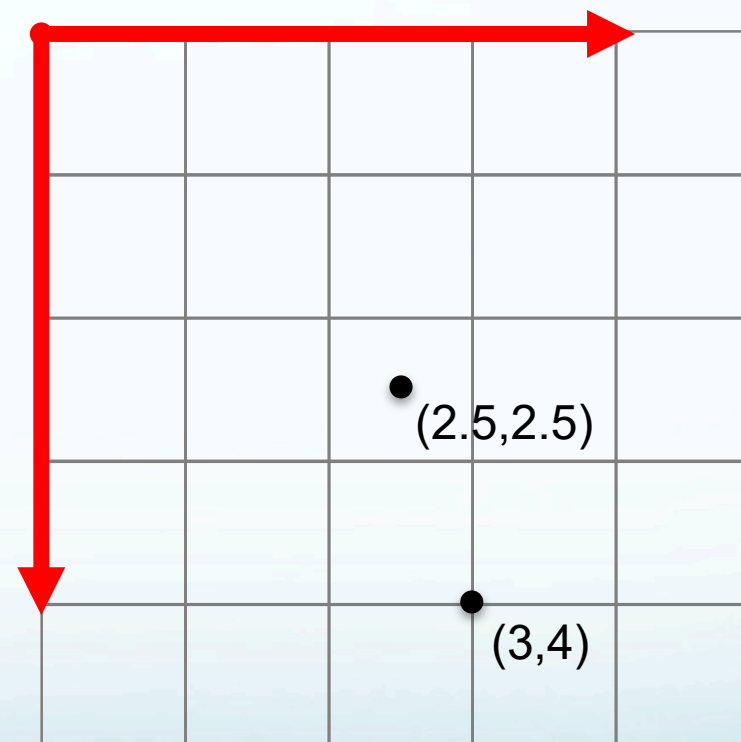
Two conventions exist for how coordinate values align with pixels.

Whole numbers at pixel centers, fractions at boundaries



Pixel centered origin:
the origin point corresponds to the centre of the top-left pixel.

WebGL uses corner origin!



Corner origin:
the origin point corresponds to the top-left corner of the top-left pixel.

Whole numbers at pixel boundaries, fractions at centers

All coordinates are higher by 0.5 than PCO

Quick Quiz

Pause the video and respond at
<https://forms.gle/VViU5wYsiBf36nAV9>

- A graphics window is 800 pixels high and 600 wide. What are the coordinates of the image center, assuming corner origin?
(300,400)
- A graphics window is 800 pixels high and 600 wide. What are the coordinates of the image center, assuming pixel center origin?
(299.5,399.5)
- The coordinates of a particular pixel center are (3.5,7.5). Which origin convention is being used?
Corner origin

Review

After this video, you should be able to:

- Identify applications of computer graphics
- Distinguish between raster and vector image formats
- Define terms: **pixel** and image **resolution**
- Use RGB triplets to represent different colors
- Describe the axis configuration for standard screen coordinates
- Work with points in both pixel center origin and corner origin conventions