



# Thevenin Equivalent Circuit 2

EGR 220, Chapter 4  
February 25, 2020

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- Equivalent circuits concept
  - a) Indistinguishable from each other,
  - b) ...In terms of the  $V - I - R_{eq}$  characteristics,
  - c) ...At the specified terminals (nodes)



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## Equivalent Resistance

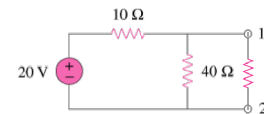
- Equivalent resistance and voltage are terminal-dependent
- Ohm's Law tells us that  $V = I \cdot R$  so...
  - $R = V/I$
  - Electrical resistance is the ratio of:
    - The (open circuit) voltage across a pair of nodes to
    - The (short circuit) through the pair of nodes



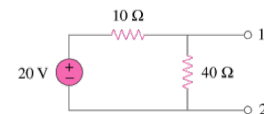
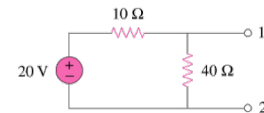
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## Thevenin Equivalent – Process

1) Find  $R_{Th}$ :



2) Find  $V_{Th}$ :



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## Thevenin Equivalent – Process

### 1) Find $R_{Th}$ :

- a) Remove the load resistor (if there is one)
- b) Set all (independent) sources equal to zero.
  - V-source = 0V  $\Rightarrow$  < open / short >
  - I-source = 0A  $\Rightarrow$  < open / ~~short~~ >
- c) Find the equivalent resistance from the specified nodes

### 2) Find $V_{Th}$ :

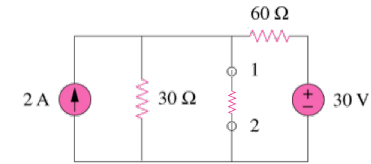
- a) Return to the original circuit, remove the load again, but keep all sources, and
- b) Find the open-circuit voltage across the specified nodes



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## Thevenin: Find $V_{Th}$ , $R_{Th}$

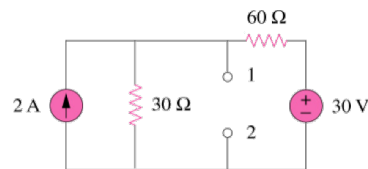
– Find  $R_{Th}$  –



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## Thevenin: Find $V_{Th}$ , $R_{Th}$

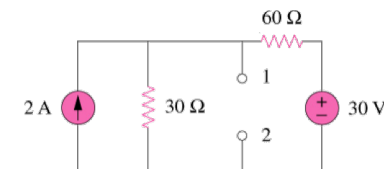
– Nodal Analysis –



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## Thevenin: Find $V_{Th}$ , $R_{Th}$

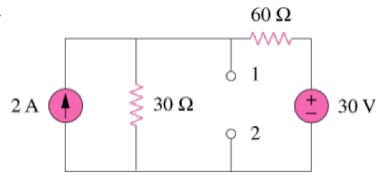
– Mesh Analysis –



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Thevenin: Find  $V_{Th}$ ,  $R_{Th}$

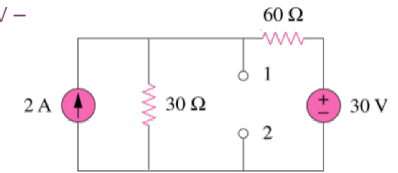
– Source Transformation, 2A –



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Thevenin: Find  $V_{Th}$ ,  $R_{Th}$

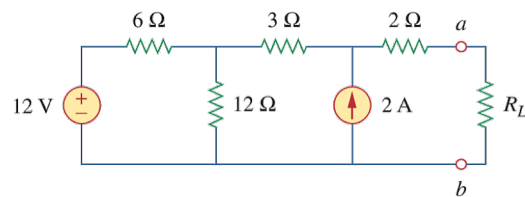
– Source Transformation, 30V –



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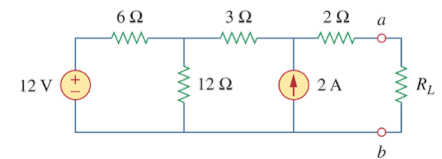
\* Maximum Power Transfer \*

• **How** do we find the  $P_{max}$  the circuit can deliver to  $R_L$ ?



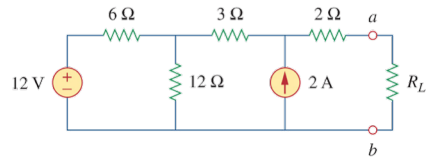
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Maximum Power Transfer



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### Maximum Power Transfer

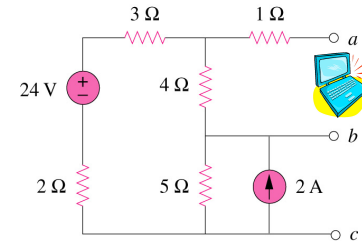


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### Concept Question

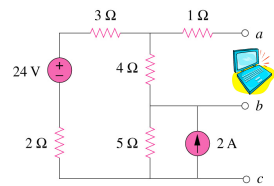
- Are equivalent circuits all the same?
- Discuss  $V_{Th}$ ,  $R_{Th}$  at  $a-b$  and  $b-c$
- What is  $R_L$  for maximum power transfer, and how do you find the amount of power transferred?



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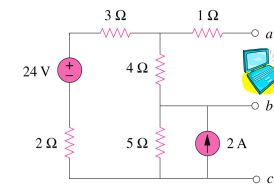
### Thevenin Equivalent



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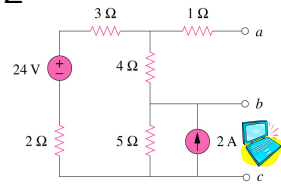
### Thevenin Equivalent



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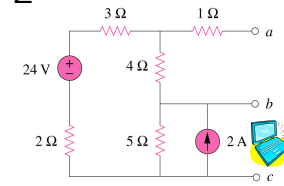
### Thevenin Equivalent 2



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### Thevenin Equivalent 2

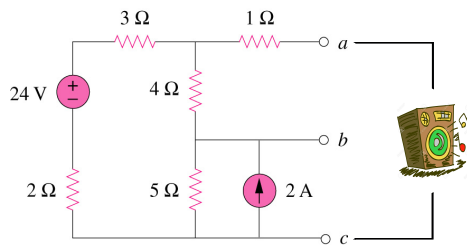


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### For the next homework: *a* to *c*

(Thevenin equivalent for *b* to *c* is posted)



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### Thevenin Self-Review

- What is a Thevenin Equivalent Circuit?
  - Draw a generic Thevenin equivalent circuit
  - Discuss and write down 3 good uses for a Thevenin equivalent circuit, or for the Thevenin theorem
- How might you find the maximum power that can be delivered to any load from any circuit?
  - Why is this an important question?



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## Norton Equivalent Circuit

$$V_{Th} = v_{oc}$$

$$I_N = i_{sc}$$

$$R_{Th} = R_N = R_{in} = \frac{v_{oc}}{i_{sc}}$$



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## Summary

- Source transformation
- Equivalency
  - Equivalent resistance
  - Voltage – Current –  $R_{eq}$  behavior
- Thevenin equivalent circuit
  - V-source & series resistor
  - Uses for Thevenin equivalent circuits
  - Only need to know the Norton equivalent exists. We will focus on Thevenin



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# Questions?

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