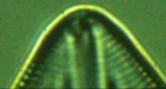
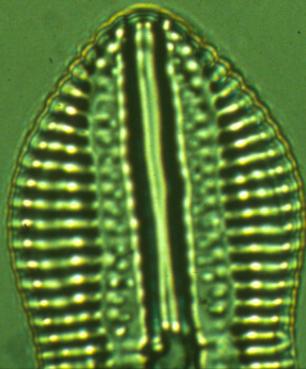
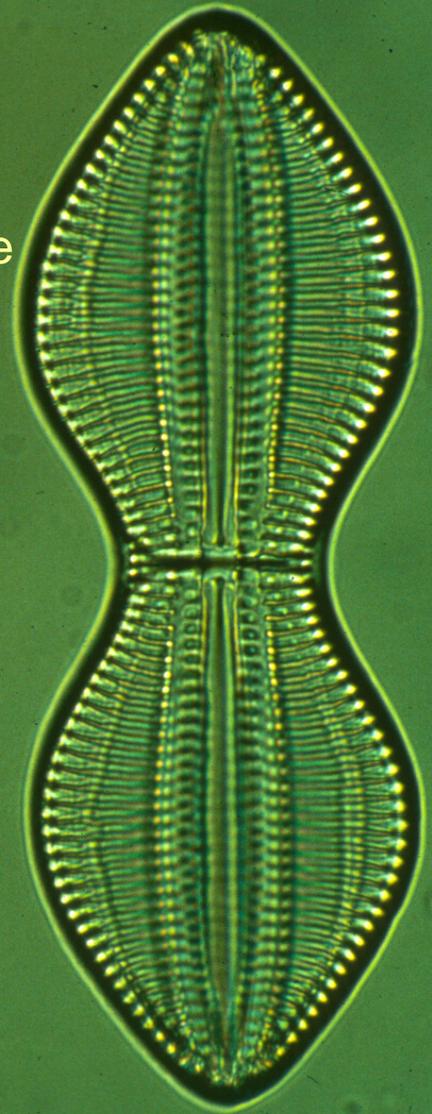
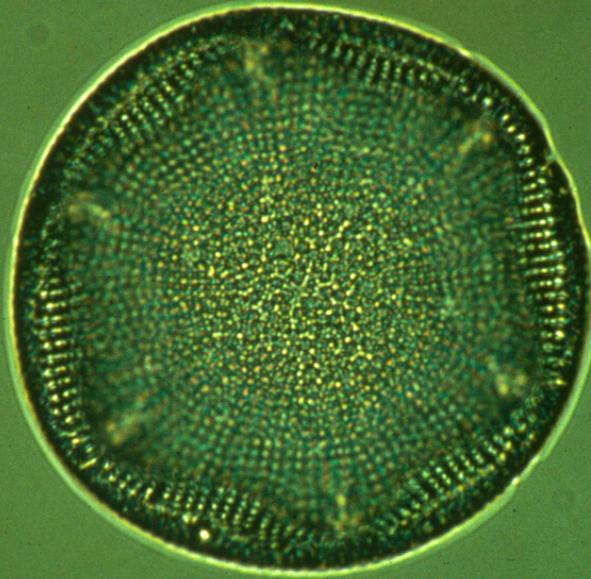
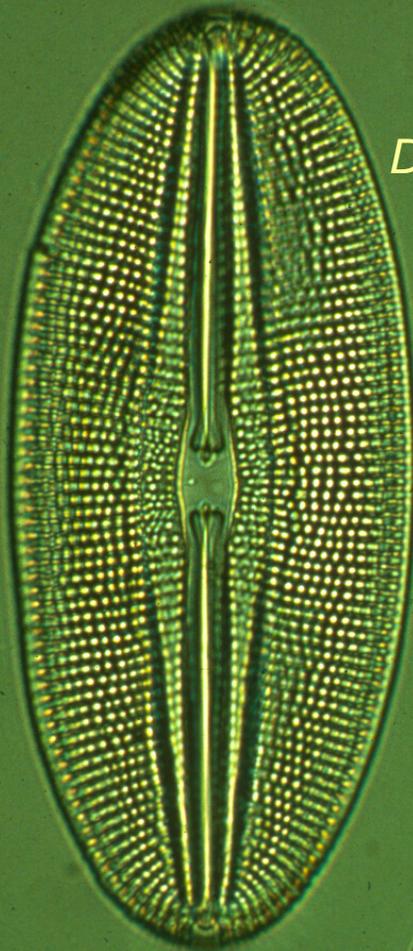


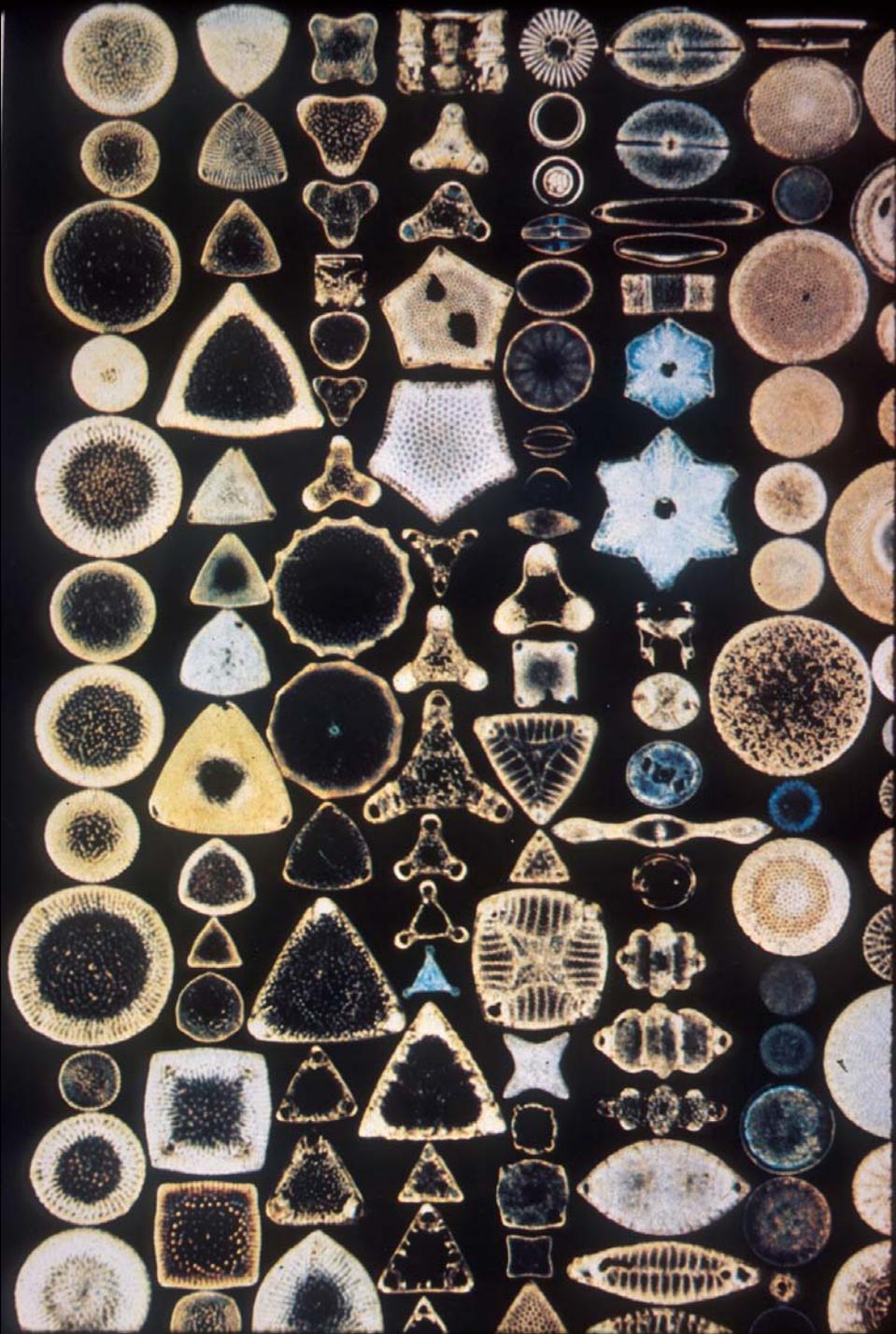
DIATOM – *Paralia sulcata*, late Cretaceous

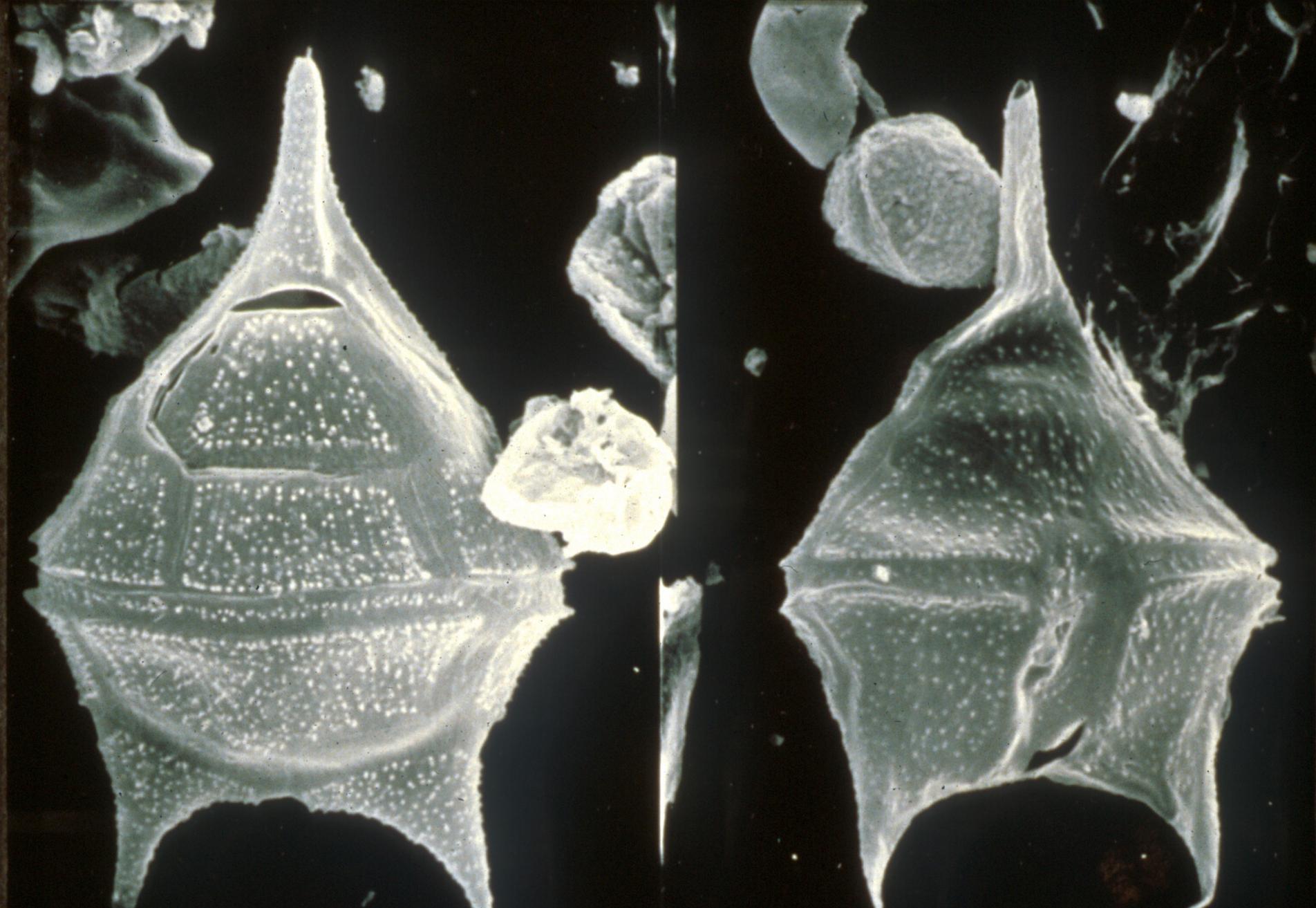


DIATOM – *Entogonia pulcherimma*, Eocene

BENTHIC DIATOMS –
Diploneis & *Aulacodiscus*, Miocene

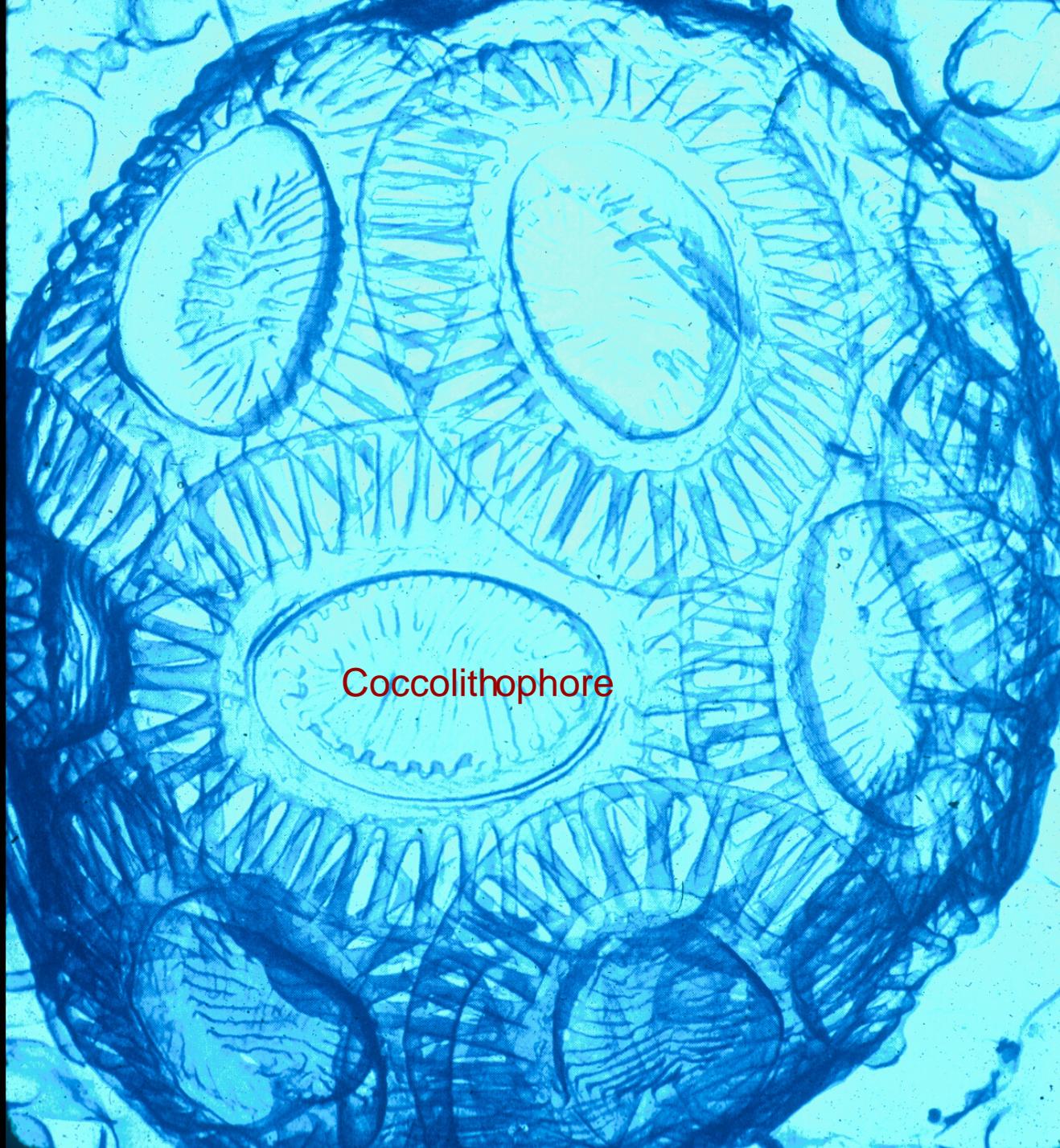






DINOFLAGELLATES – *Deflandrea*, Paleocene





Coccolithophore

A high-magnification micrograph of a single coccolith, a type of microfossil. The coccolith is roughly circular and features a central area with four distinct, dark, oval-shaped openings arranged in a cross-like pattern. The surrounding material has a fine, granular texture. The background is dark and out of focus.

COCCOLITH -- *Chiasmolithus Oamaruensis*,
upper Eocene

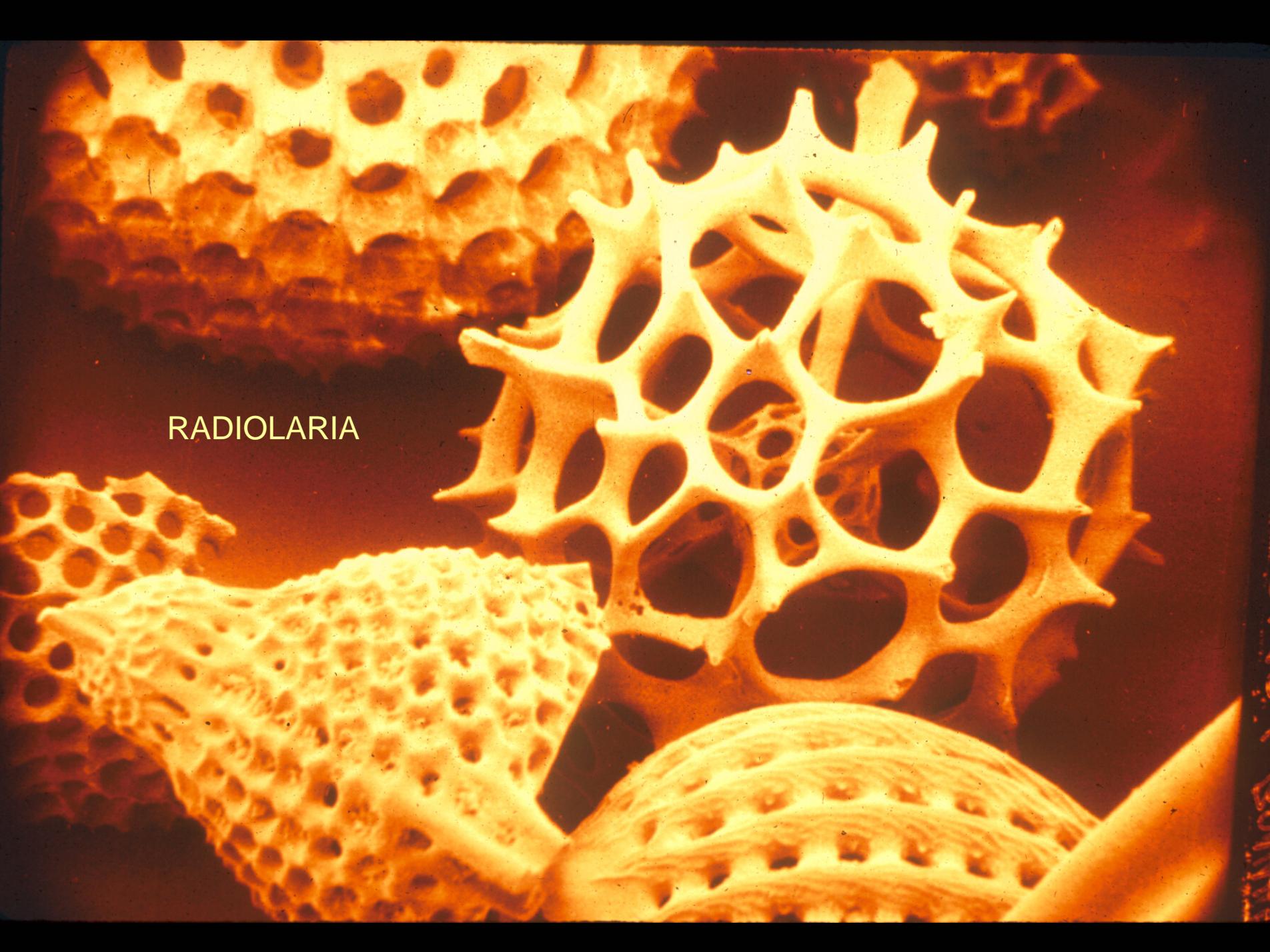
0,004 mm

DISCOASTER – *Discoaster*
surculus, lower Pliocene

0,004 mm



RADIOLARIA

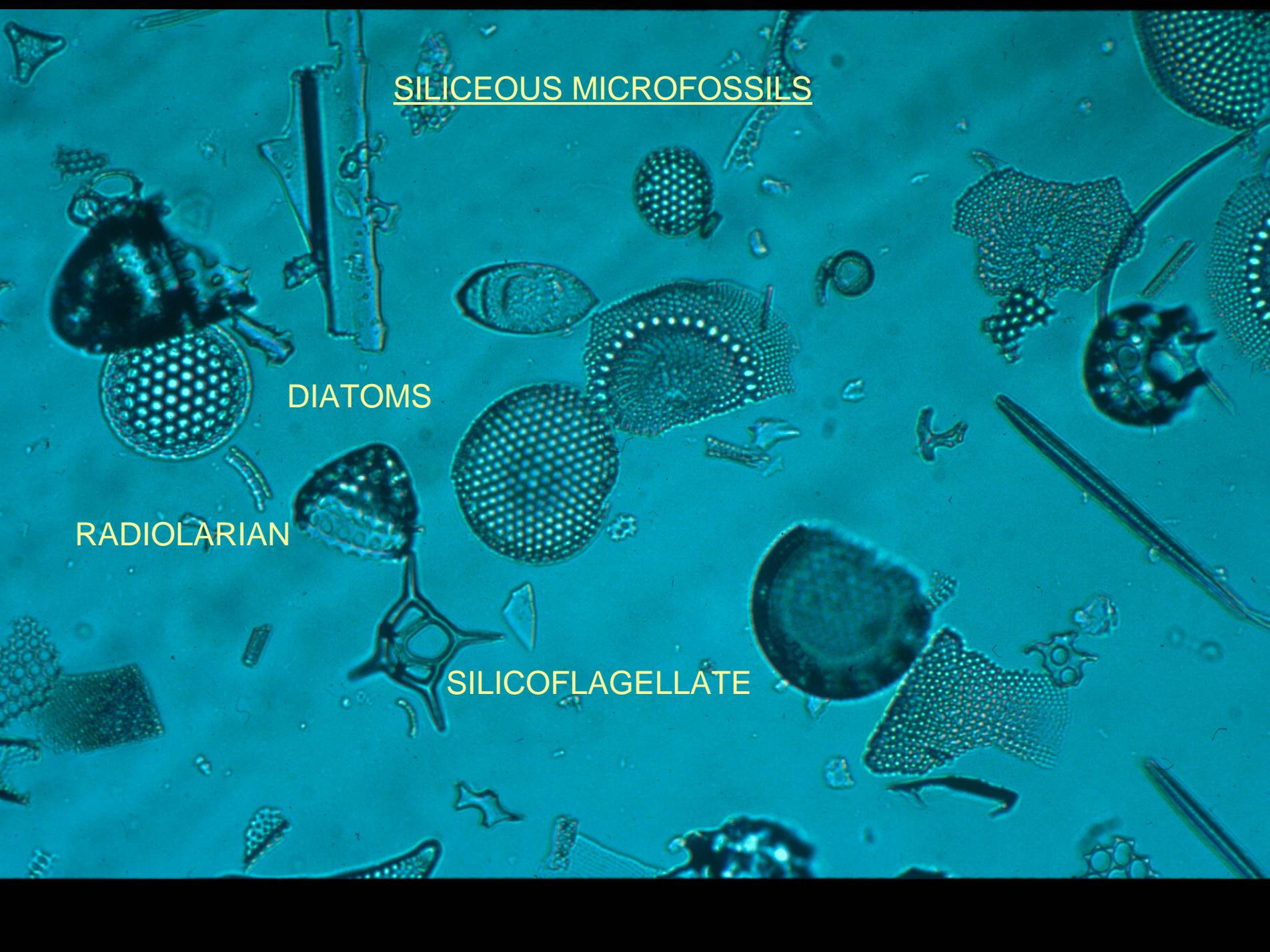


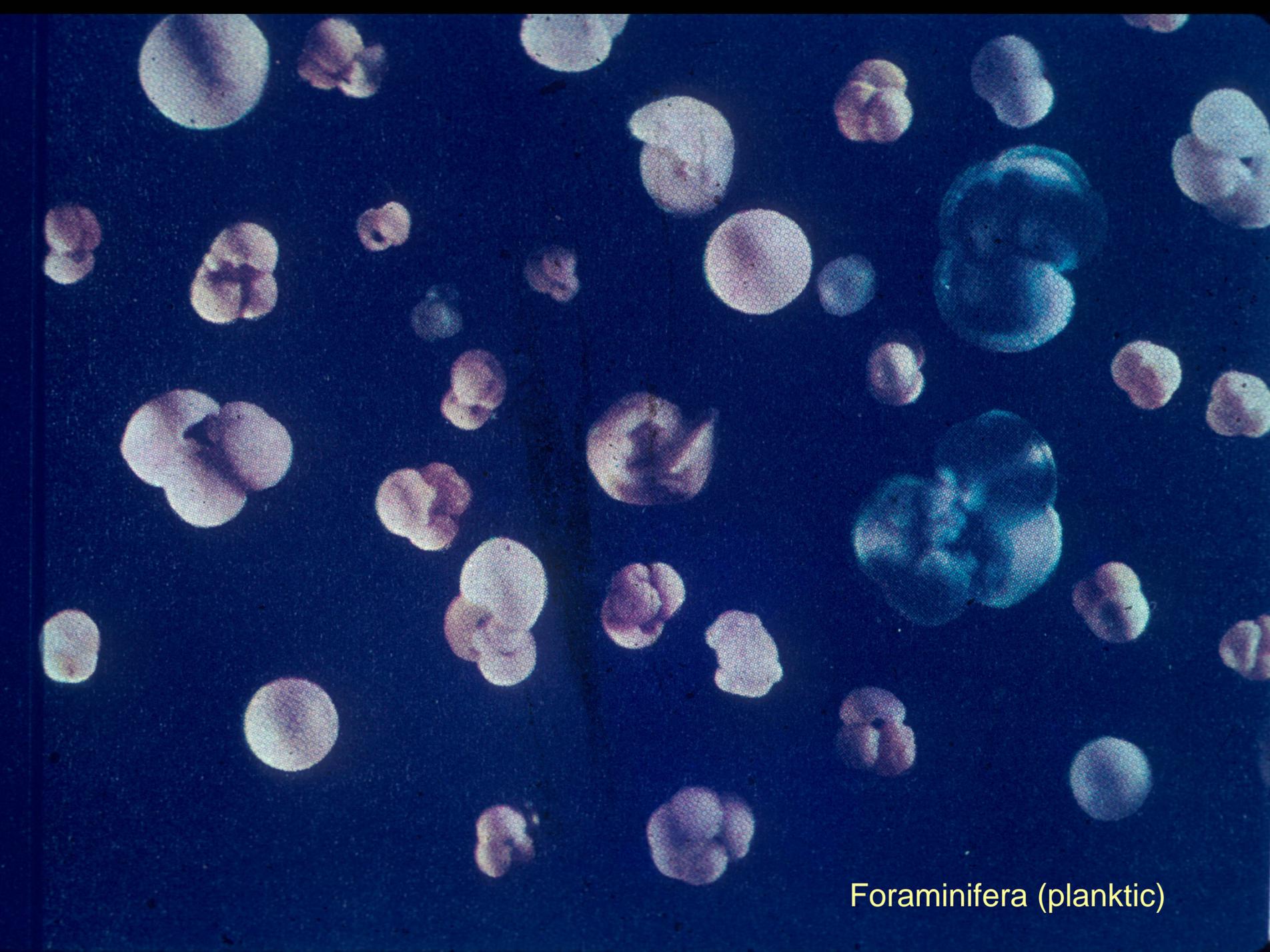
SILICEOUS MICROFOSSILS

DIATOMS

RADIOLARIAN

SILICOFLAGELLATE





Foraminifera (planktic)