



# Visualizing RNA-Seq Differential Expression Results with CummeRbund

# RNA-Seq Pipeline

## 'The Tuxedo Suite'

 The image cannot be displayed. Your computer may not have enough memory to open the image, or the image may have been corrupted. Restart your computer, and then open the file again. If the red x still appears, you may have to delete the image and then insert it again.

 The image cannot be displayed. Your computer may not have enough memory to open the image, or the image may have been corrupted. Restart your computer, and then open the file again. If the red x still appears, you may have to delete the image and then insert it again.

- Software is all free and downloadable from the internet!
- Run locally (on your computer) using a linux platform or
  - through the web based bioinformatics site Galaxy (<https://main.g2.bx.psu.edu/>)

# Files you will need to analyze RNA-seq data using Tuxedo Suite

- RNA-Seq files-FASTQ (Sanger) format
  - FASTQ is a form of FASTA (sequence) file which includes quality scores
- Your genome file (FASTA file)
- Genome annotation file (either GFF3 or GTF file)

# R Programming Language



- R is a programming language traditionally used for statistical and graphical analysis
- While all other Tuxedo Suite programs are run in Linux, the final 'visualization' step-CummeRbund-is run in R
- Download R  
(<http://www.r-project.org/>)-you can use this to run CummeRbund, however it is a bit more primitive than Rstudio (I find RStudio is easier to use)
- Download RStudio-  
(<http://www.rstudio.com/ide/download/desktop>)

# RStudio

The screenshot displays the RStudio environment. At the top, the title bar reads "wDi RNA-seq analysis". Below it, the "Workspace" pane shows "Import Dataset\*" and "History". The main area is a data table with 37,611 observations and 11 variables. The table columns are: gene\_id, sample\_1, sample\_2, status, value\_1, value\_2, log2\_foid\_change, test\_stat, and p. The first 8 rows are visible. Below the table, it says "Displayed 1000 rows of 37,611 (36,611 omitted)". The "Console" pane at the bottom left shows the R version 2.15.3 (2013-03-01) and various system information. The "Files" pane at the bottom right shows "Zoom", "Export", and "Clear All" options.

	gene_id	sample_1	sample_2	status	value_1	value_2	log2_foid_change	test_stat	p
1	ENSMUSG00000000001	q1	q2	OK	2.67284e+01	2.04593e+01	-3.85618e-01	3.62551e-01	7
2	ENSMUSG00000000003	q1	q2	NOTEST	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00	1
3	ENSMUSG00000000028	q1	q2	OK	6.95414e-01	3.65471e+01	5.71574e+00	-5.18622e+00	2
4	ENSMUSG00000000031	q1	q2	OK	1.17518e+01	0.00000e+00	-1.79769e+308	-1.79769e+308	5
5	ENSMUSG00000000037	q1	q2	NOTEST	0.00000e+00	5.59712e-01	1.79769e+308	1.79769e+308	1
6	ENSMUSG00000000049	q1	q2	OK	2.55276e+03	2.46989e+00	-1.00134e+01	5.52937e+00	3
7	ENSMUSG00000000056	q1	q2	OK	1.03316e+01	4.08957e+01	1.98488e+00	-1.78927e+00	7
8	ENSMUSG00000000058	q1	q2	OK	2.23735e+00	2.25028e+00	8.30915e-03	-8.09860e-03	9

```
R version 2.15.3 (2013-03-01) -- "Security Blanket"
Copyright (C) 2013 The R Foundation for Statistical Computing
ISBN 3-900051-07-0
Platform: x86_64-apple-darwin9.8.0/x86_64 (64-bit)

R is free software and comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY.
You are welcome to redistribute it under certain conditions.
Type 'license()' or 'licence()' for distribution details.

Natural language support but running in an English locale

R is a collaborative project with many contributors.
Type 'contributors()' for more information and
'citation()' on how to cite R or R packages in publications.

Type 'demo()' for some demos, 'help()' for on-line help, or
'help.start()' for an HTML browser interface to help.
Type 'q()' to quit R.

>
```

This is your workspace-where you will type all commands!

# RStudio

The screenshot displays the RStudio interface with a data table in the Environment pane and the R console. A blue arrow points from the console area to the data table.

	gene_id	sample_1	sample_2	status	value_1	value_2	log2_fold_change	test_stat	p
1	ENSMUSG00000000001	q1	q2	OK	2.67284e+01	2.04593e+01	-3.85618e-01	3.62551e-01	7
2	ENSMUSG00000000003	q1	q2	NOTEST	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00	1
3	ENSMUSG00000000028	q1	q2	OK	6.95414e-01	3.65471e+01	5.71574e+00	-5.18622e+00	2
4	ENSMUSG00000000031	q1	q2	OK	1.17518e+01	0.00000e+00	-1.79769e+308	-1.79769e+308	5
5	ENSMUSG00000000037	q1	q2	NOTEST	0.00000e+00	5.59712e-01	1.79769e+308	1.79769e+308	1
6	ENSMUSG00000000049	q1	q2	OK	2.55276e+03	2.46989e+00	-1.00134e+01	5.52937e+00	3
7	ENSMUSG00000000056	q1	q2	OK	1.03316e+01	4.08957e+01	1.98488e+00	-1.78927e+00	7
8	ENSMUSG00000000058	q1	q2	OK	2.23735e+00	2.25028e+00	8.30915e-03	-8.09860e-03	9

Displayed 1000 rows of 37,611 (36,611 omitted)

```
R version 2.15.3 (2013-03-01) -- "Security Blanket"
Copyright (C) 2013 The R Foundation for Statistical Computing
ISBN 3-900051-07-0
Platform: x86_64-apple-darwin9.8.0/x86_64 (64-bit)

R is free software and comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY.
You are welcome to redistribute it under certain conditions.
Type 'license()' or 'licence()' for distribution details.

Natural language support but running in an English locale

R is a collaborative project with many contributors.
Type 'contributors()' for more information and
'citation()' on how to cite R or R packages in publications.

Type 'demo()' for some demos, 'help()' for on-line help, or
'help.start()' for an HTML browser interface to help.
Type 'q()' to quit R.

>
```

This is where any data tables you create will appear!

# RStudio

The screenshot displays the RStudio environment. The top-left pane shows a data table with 37,611 observations and 11 variables. The top-right pane is the Workspace, which is currently empty. The bottom-left pane is the Console, showing the R version and system information. The bottom-right pane is the Files pane, showing the current directory structure.

	gene_id	sample_1	sample_2	status	value_1	value_2	log2_foid_change	test_stat	p
1	ENSMUSG00000000001	q1	q2	OK	2.67284e+01	2.04593e+01	-3.85618e-01	3.62551e-01	7
2	ENSMUSG00000000003	q1	q2	NOTEST	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00	1
3	ENSMUSG00000000028	q1	q2	OK	6.95414e-01	3.65471e+01	5.71574e+00	-5.18622e+00	2
4	ENSMUSG00000000031	q1	q2	OK	1.17518e+01	0.00000e+00	-1.79769e+308	-1.79769e+308	5
5	ENSMUSG00000000037	q1	q2	NOTEST	0.00000e+00	5.59712e-01	1.79769e+308	1.79769e+308	1
6	ENSMUSG00000000049	q1	q2	OK	2.55276e+03	2.46989e+00	-1.00134e+01	5.52937e+00	3
7	ENSMUSG00000000056	q1	q2	OK	1.03316e+01	4.08957e+01	1.98488e+00	-1.78927e+00	7
8	ENSMUSG00000000058	q1	q2	OK	2.23735e+00	2.25028e+00	8.30915e-03	-8.09860e-03	9

```
R version 2.15.3 (2013-03-01) -- "Security Blanket"
Copyright (C) 2013 The R Foundation for Statistical Computing
ISBN 3-900051-07-0
Platform: x86_64-apple-darwin9.8.0/x86_64 (64-bit)

R is free software and comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY.
You are welcome to redistribute it under certain conditions.
Type 'license()' or 'licence()' for distribution details.

Natural language support but running in an English locale

R is a collaborative project with many contributors.
Type 'contributors()' for more information and
'citation()' on how to cite R or R packages in publications.

Type 'demo()' for some demos, 'help()' for on-line help, or
'help.start()' for an HTML browser interface to help.
Type 'q()' to quit R.

>
```

This is where any 'objects' or gene sets you create will appear!

# RStudio

The screenshot displays the RStudio environment. At the top, the title bar shows 'wDi RNA-seq analysis'. Below it, the 'Workspace' and 'History' tabs are visible. The main area is divided into three panes:

- Environment/Viewer:** Shows a data table with 37,611 observations of 11 variables. The table has columns: gene\_id, sample\_1, sample\_2, status, value\_1, value\_2, log2\_foid\_change, test\_stat, and p. The first 8 rows are visible, showing gene IDs like ENSMUSG0000000001 and sample IDs q1 and q2.
- Console:** Displays the R version (2.15.3), copyright information, and platform details (x86\_64-apple-darwin9.8.0/x86\_64 (64-bit)). It also shows the standard R license text and instructions for using help and citation functions.
- Files/Plots/Packages/Help:** This pane is currently empty, but it contains a menu bar with 'Files', 'Plots', 'Packages', and 'Help'. Below the menu bar are icons for 'Zoom', 'Export', and 'Clear All'.

A blue arrow points from the text below to the 'Plots' tab in the Files/Plots/Packages/Help pane.

This is where any plots you make will appear!



# RStudio

The screenshot displays the RStudio environment. The top-left pane shows a data table with 37,611 observations of 11 variables. The top-right pane is empty. The bottom-left pane shows the R console output, including the R version (2.15.3) and platform (x86\_64-apple-darwin9.8.0/x86\_64 (64-bit)). The bottom-right pane shows the menu bar with the 'Export' option highlighted by a blue arrow.

	gene_id	sample_1	sample_2	status	value_1	value_2	log2_foid_change	test_stat	p
1	ENSMUSG00000000001	q1	q2	OK	2.67284e+01	2.04593e+01	-3.85618e-01	3.62551e-01	7
2	ENSMUSG00000000003	q1	q2	NOTEST	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00	1
3	ENSMUSG00000000028	q1	q2	OK	6.95414e-01	3.65471e+01	5.71574e+00	-5.18622e+00	2
4	ENSMUSG00000000031	q1	q2	OK	1.17518e+01	0.00000e+00	-1.79769e+308	-1.79769e+308	5
5	ENSMUSG00000000037	q1	q2	NOTEST	0.00000e+00	5.59712e-01	1.79769e+308	1.79769e+308	1
6	ENSMUSG00000000049	q1	q2	OK	2.55276e+03	2.46989e+00	-1.00134e+01	5.52937e+00	3
7	ENSMUSG00000000056	q1	q2	OK	1.03316e+01	4.08957e+01	1.98488e+00	-1.78927e+00	7
8	ENSMUSG00000000058	q1	q2	OK	2.23735e+00	2.25028e+00	8.30915e-03	-8.09860e-03	9

```
R version 2.15.3 (2013-03-01) -- "Security Blanket"
Copyright (C) 2013 The R Foundation for Statistical Computing
ISBN 3-900051-07-0
Platform: x86_64-apple-darwin9.8.0/x86_64 (64-bit)

R is free software and comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY.
You are welcome to redistribute it under certain conditions.
Type 'license()' or 'licence()' for distribution details.

Natural language support but running in an English locale

R is a collaborative project with many contributors.
Type 'contributors()' for more information and
'citation()' on how to cite R or R packages in publications.

Type 'demo()' for some demos, 'help()' for on-line help, or
'help.start()' for an HTML browser interface to help.
Type 'q()' to quit R.

>
```

Plots can be exported as an image file (png, jpeg, tiff, bmp, svg or eps) or as a pdf

# R basics

- In R when you type a command and add your open parenthesis ( R automatically closes it for you
  - You type ( and () appears
- Get working directory
  - `getwd()`
- Set working directory
  - `setwd()`
- This is pretty much all the R language you need to know to run CummeRbund-the rest of the language is specific to CummeRbund

# CummeRbund

- Download CummeRbund-  
(<http://compbio.mit.edu/cummeRbund>)
- -on the right hand side of the page (under Releases) select the version you need (Mac OS or Windows).
- This will download a compressed file into your downloads.
- Unzip this file.

# Download Cuffdiff Files from Galaxy

- Create a new folder on your Desktop called `diff_out`
- From Galaxy history: Download all 11 Cuffdiff output files.
- Once they are all downloaded, move all 11 files from your downloads folder (or wherever your downloads go) into the newly created `diff_out` folder on your Desktop.

# Re-Naming Cuffdiff Output Files

- All files must be re-named in order for CummeRbund to recognize them.
- All Galaxy downloaded file names will begin with something like:  
Galaxy56[Cuffdiff\_on\_data\_45,\_data\_41,\_and\_data\_3
- this should be fairly similar for all 11 files and we can ignore-what we care about is at the end of the Galaxy file name, *i.e.* transcript\_FPKM\_tracking. This is the part that tells you what the output is and how it must be re-named.

# Renaming Galaxy Cuffdiff Files

Re-name all files as such:

Galaxy Name	New Name
transcript_FPKM_tracking	isoforms.fpkm_tracking
transcript_differential_expression_testing	isoform_exp.diff
gene_FPKM_tracking	genes.fpkm_tracking
gene_differential_expression_testing	gene_exp.diff
TSS_groups_FPKM_tracking	tss_groups.fpkm_tracking
TSS_groups_differential_expression_testing	tss_group_exp.diff
CDS_FPKM_tracking	cds.fpkm_tracking
CDS_FPKM_differential_expression_testing	cds_exp.diff
CDS_overloading_differential_expression_testing	cds.diff
promoters_differential_expression_testing	promoters.diff
splicing_differential_expression_testing	splicing.diff

- Once this is complete you can start analyzing data with CummeRbund!

# Running R

- In the remaining slides text shown in BLACK are my explanations to you
- Text shown in BLUE are the commands you should input into RStudio
- Text shown in RED are lines of code output from RStudio if your command worked correctly

# Visualize the Data with CummeRbund

- Open RStudio

R version 2.15.3 (2013-03-01) -- "Security Blanket"

Copyright (C) 2013 The R Foundation for Statistical Computing

ISBN 3-900051-07-0

Platform: x86\_64-apple-darwin9.8.0/x86\_64 (64-bit)

R is free software and comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY.

You are welcome to redistribute it under certain conditions.

Type 'license()' or 'licence()' for distribution details.

Natural language support but running in an English locale

R is a collaborative project with many contributors.

Type 'contributors()' for more information and

'citation()' on how to cite R or R packages in publications.

Type 'demo()' for some demos, 'help()' for on-line help, or

'help.start()' for an HTML browser interface to help.

Type 'q()' to quit R.



# Install CummeRbund

- To install the CummeRbund package use the following commands:

```
> source('http://www.bioconductor.org/  
biocLite.R')
```

```
> biocLite('cummeRbund')
```

# Setting the Working Directory

- Get working directory

```
>getwd()
```

- This will tell you what your current working directory is.
- Set working directory-I usually set mine as my computer-note that this could be different on your computer but should be one level up from the Desktop

```
>setwd("/Users/slatko")
```

- I then usually check my working directory again-just to make sure it is set where I want it to be.

```
>getwd()
```

# Load CummeRbund into R

- To load CummeRbund into R use the following command:

```
>library(cummeRbund)
```

```
Loading required package: BiocGenerics
```

```
Attaching package: 'BiocGenerics'
```

```
The following object(s) are masked from 'package:stats':
```

```
xtabs
```

```
The following object(s) are masked from 'package:base':
```

```
anyDuplicated, cbind, colnames, duplicated, eval, Filter, Find, get,  
intersect, lapply, Map, mapply, mget, order, paste, pmax, pmax.int, pmin,  
pmin.int, Position, rbind, Reduce, rep.int, rownames, sapply, setdiff, table,  
tapply, union, unique
```

```
Loading required package: RSQLite
```

```
Loading required package: DBI
```

```
Loading required package: ggplot2
```

```
Loading required package: reshape2
```

```
Loading required package: fastcluster
```

```
Attaching package: 'fastcluster'
```

```
The following object(s) are masked from 'package:stats':
```

```
hclust
```

```
Loading required package: rtracklayer
```

```
Loading required package: GenomicRanges
```

```
Loading required package: IRanges
```

```
Loading required package: Gviz
```

```
Loading required package: grid
```

# Creating a CummeRbund Database

- Now you must create a database out of your 11 cuffdiff output files.
- ```
> cuff_data<-readCufflinks('~/Desktop/diff_out')
```
- Again-this will take a minute or two to run a number of lines of script (see next page) while creating a database file.
  - Once this is complete you will notice your diff\_out folder on your desktop now contains a file called cuff\_data.db
    - This is your CummeRbund database!

Creating database ~/Desktop/mouse\_diff\_out/cuffData.db  
Reading ~/Desktop/mouse\_diff\_out/genes.fpkm\_tracking  
Checking samples table...  
Populating samples table...  
Writing genes table  
Reshaping geneData table  
Recasting  
Writing geneData table  
Reading ~/Desktop/mouse\_diff\_out/gene\_exp.diff  
Writing geneExpDiffData table  
Reading ~/Desktop/mouse\_diff\_out/promoters.diff  
Writing promoterDiffData table  
No records found in ~/Desktop/mouse\_diff\_out/promoters.diff  
Reading ~/Desktop/mouse\_diff\_out/isoforms.fpkm\_tracking  
Checking samples table...  
OK!  
Writing isoforms table  
Reshaping isoformData table  
Recasting  
Writing isoformData table  
Reading ~/Desktop/mouse\_diff\_out/isoform\_exp.diff  
Writing isoformExpDiffData table  
Reading ~/Desktop/mouse\_diff\_out/tss\_groups.fpkm\_tracking  
Checking samples table...  
OK!  
Writing TSS table  
No records found in ~/Desktop/mouse\_diff\_out/tss\_groups.fpkm\_tracking  
TSS FPKM tracking file was empty.  
Reading ~/Desktop/mouse\_diff\_out/tss\_group\_exp.diff  
No records found in ~/Desktop/mouse\_diff\_out/tss\_group\_exp.diff  
Reading ~/Desktop/mouse\_diff\_out/splicing.diff  
No records found in ~/Desktop/mouse\_diff\_out/splicing.diff  
Reading ~/Desktop/mouse\_diff\_out/cds.fpkm\_tracking  
Checking samples table...  
OK!  
Writing CDS table  
No records found in ~/Desktop/mouse\_diff\_out/cds.fpkm\_tracking  
CDS FPKM tracking file was empty.  
Reading ~/Desktop/mouse\_diff\_out/cds\_exp.diff  
No records found in ~/Desktop/mouse\_diff\_out/cds\_exp.diff  
Reading ~/Desktop/mouse\_diff\_out/cds.diff  
No records found in ~/Desktop/mouse\_diff\_out/cds.diff  
Indexing Tables...

Now it is time to visualize your  
results!

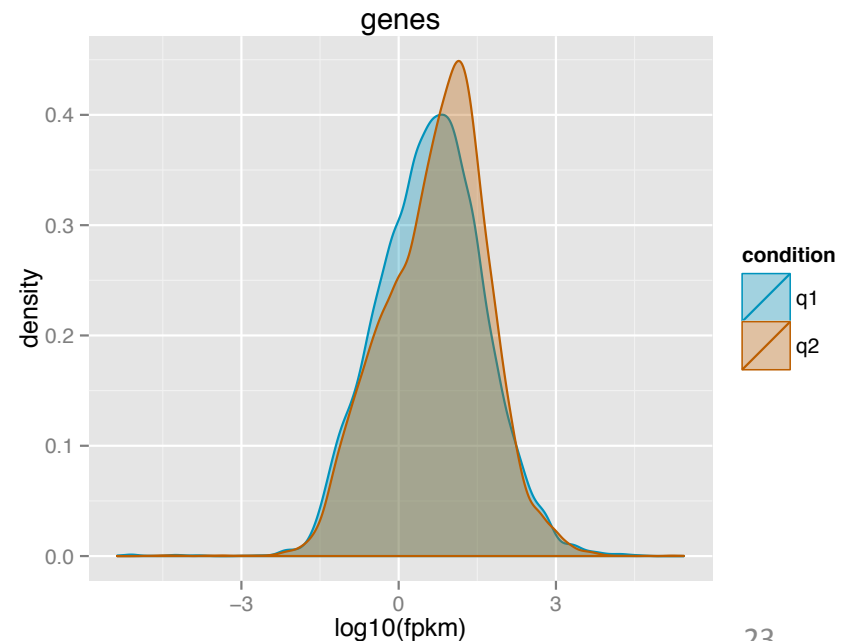
# Density Plot

- The density plot will show you the distribution of your RNA-seq read counts (fpkm)

```
> csDensity(genes(cuff_data))
```



This will plot data for genes. You can also do this with other data from Cuffdiff, *e.g.*, isoforms.



# Volcano Plot

- A volcano plot is a scatter plot that also identifies differentially expressed genes (by color) between samples

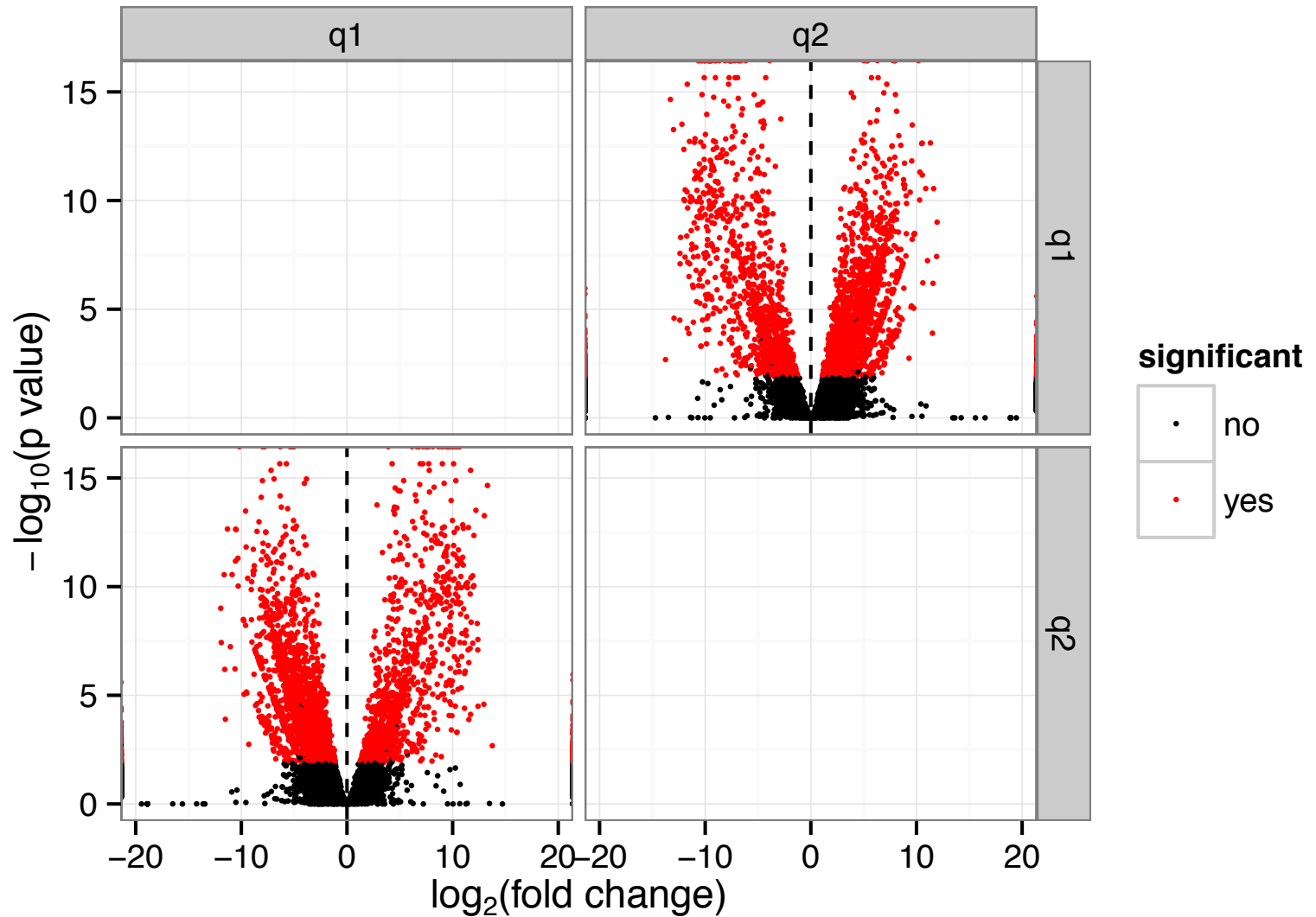
```
>v<-csVolcanoMatrix(genes(cuff_data))
```

- This line creates a command (v)-to execute the command you must type the following line

```
>v
```



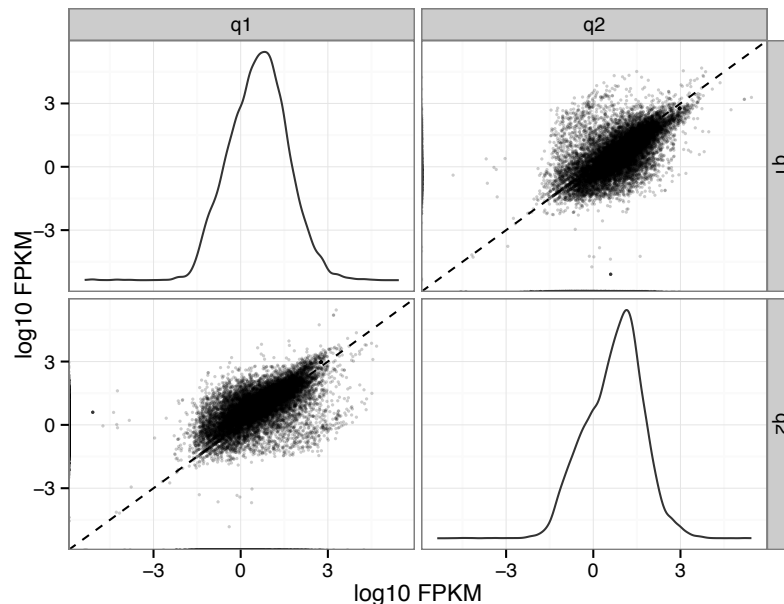
# Volcano Matrix



# Scatter Plot

- Shows differences in gene expression between two samples
  - If two samples were identical all dots (genes) would fall on the mid-line

```
>csScatter(genes(cuff_data))
```



# Looking a Specific Genes of Interest

- 3 Genes
  - F9
  - Rdh7
  - Gapdh

# Getting Gene Info

```
>myGeneId<-"F9"  
> myGene<-getGene(cuff_data,myGeneId)  
> myGene
```

CuffGene instance for gene ENSMUSG00000031138

Short name: F9

Slots:

annotation

features

fpkm

repFpkm

diff

count

isoforms CuffFeature instance of size 1

TSS CuffFeature instance of size 0

CDS CuffFeature instance of size 0

This tells you how many isoforms of this gene there are.

Here you could also find out if your gene had more than one transcriptional start site (TSS)



How many isoforms do Rdh7 and Gapdh have??

# Looking at Groups of Genes

```
>myGeneIds<- c("F9","Rdh7", "Gapdh")
```

```
> myGenes <- getGenes(cuff_data,myGeneIds)
```

Getting gene information:

- FPKM
- Differential Expression Data
- Annotation Data
- Replicate FPKMs
- Counts

Getting isoforms information:

- FPKM
- Differential Expression Data
- Annotation Data
- Replicate FPKMs
- Counts

Getting CDS information:

- FPKM
- Differential Expression Data
- Annotation Data
- Replicate FPKMs
- Counts

Getting TSS information:

- FPKM
- Differential Expression Data
- Annotation Data
- Replicate FPKMs
- Counts

Getting promoter information:

- distData

Getting splicing information:

- distData

Getting relCDS information:

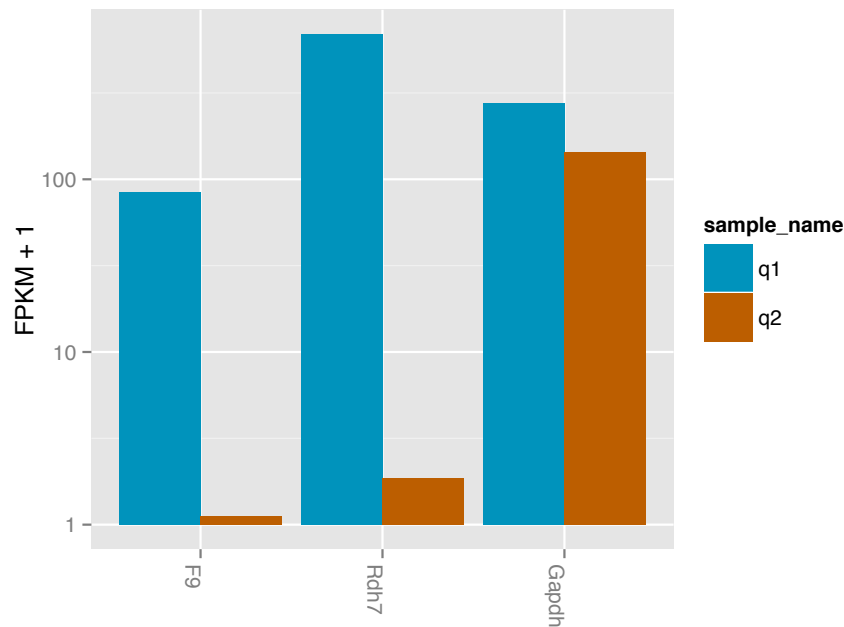
- distData

# Plot Expression of 'Your Genes'

```
>gb<-expressionBarplot(myGenes,showErrorbars=FALSE)
```

Scale for 'colour' is already present. Adding another scale for 'colour', which will replace the existing scale.

```
> gb
```

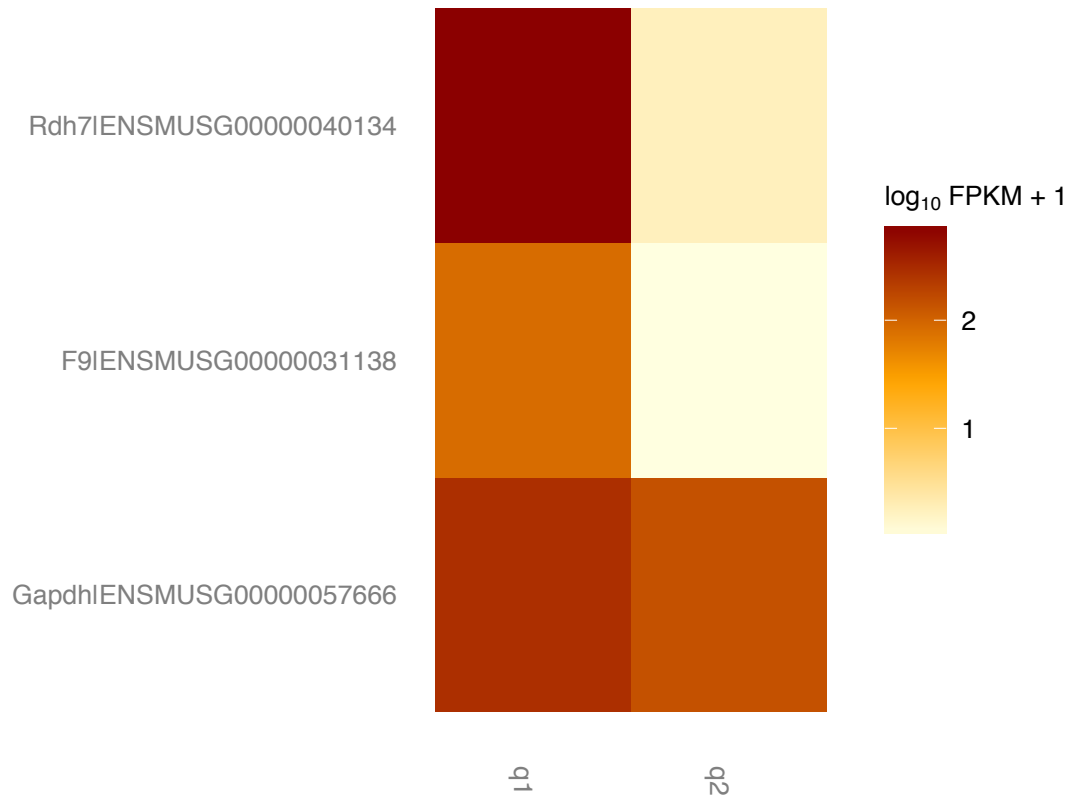


\* The argument `showErrorbars=FALSE` is necessary because of a lack of replicates. The default is `showErrorbars=TRUE`, but because there are no replicates there is no error to show!

# Plot Expression of 'Your Genes'- Heatmap

```
>h<-csHeatmap(myGenes)
```

```
> h
```



# CummeRbund Conclusions

- Relatively easy to use
- Great way to visualize differential expression data from RNA-seq experiments
- This is just the beginning-CummeRbund can do much more!
- If interested, the complete CummeRbund manual can be found online

([http://compbio.mit.edu/cummeRbund/manual\\_2\\_0.html](http://compbio.mit.edu/cummeRbund/manual_2_0.html))